



SANYO Semiconductors

DATA SHEET

An ON Semiconductor Company

Bi-CMOS LSI

LV5749NV — 1-channel Step-down Switching Regulator

Application

The LV5749NV is a 1-channel step-down switching regulator.

Functions

- 1 channel step-down switching regulator controller.
- Load-independent soft start circuit.
- ON/OFF function.
- Built-in pulse-by-pulse OCP circuit. It is detected by using ON resistance of an external MOS.
- Synchronous rectification.
- Current mode control.
- Synchronous drive by external signal.

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
supply voltage	$V_{IN\text{ max}}$		45	V
Allowable Power dissipation	$P_d\text{ max}$	Mounted on a specified board. *	0.74	W
Operating temperature	T_{opr}		-40 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

* : When mounted on the specified printed circuit board (114.3mm × 76.1mm × 1.6mm), glass epoxy

Recommended Operating Range at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage range	V_{IN}		8.5 to 42	V
Error amplifier input voltage			0 to 1.6	V

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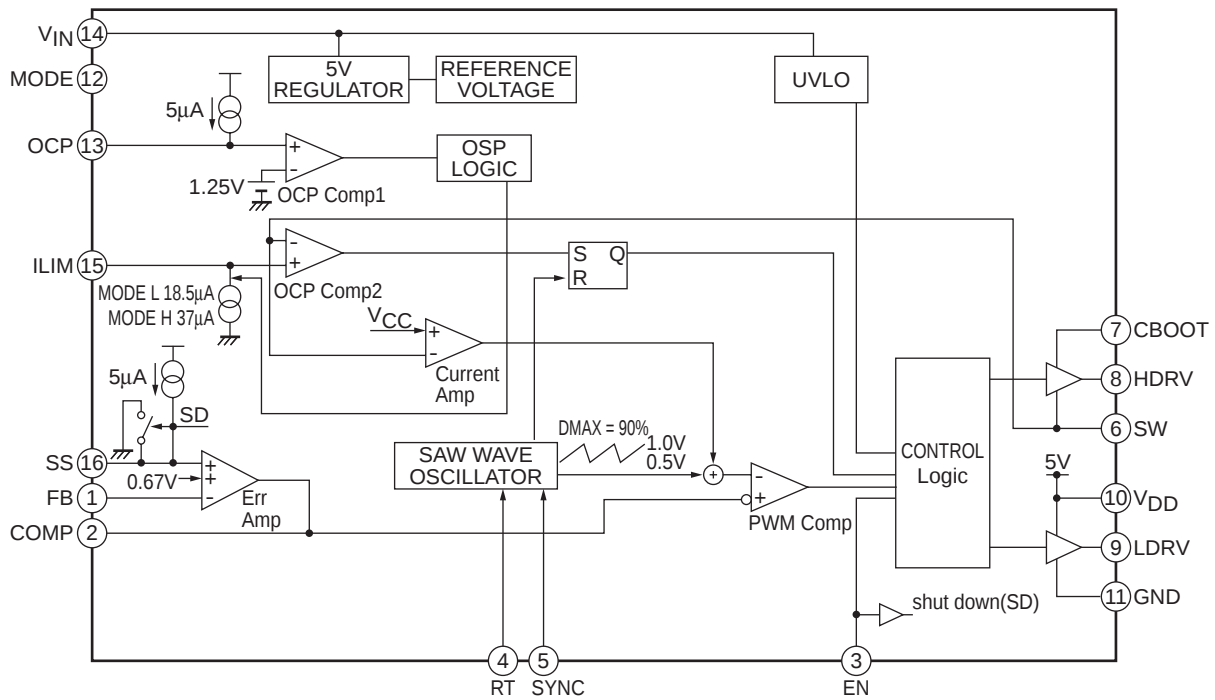
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LV5749NV

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, V_{IN} = 12V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Reference voltage block						
Internal reference voltage	V _{ref}	Including offset of E/A	0.654	0.67	0.686	V
5V power supply	V _{DD}	I _{OUT} = 0 to 5mA	4.7	5.2	5.7	V
Triangular waveform oscillator block						
Oscillation frequency	F _{OSC}	RT = 220kΩ	110	125	140	kHz
Frequency variation	F _{OSC} DV	V _{IN} = 8.5 to 42V		1		%
ON/OFF circuit block						
IC start-up voltage	V _{EN} on		2.5	3.0	3.5	V
IC off voltage	V _{EN} off		1.1	1.3	1.5	V
Soft start circuit block						
Soft start source current	I _{SS} SC	EN > 3.5V	4	5	6	μA
Soft start sink current	I _{SS} SK	EN < 1V, V _{DD} =5V		2		mA
UVLO circuit block						
UVLO lock release voltage	V _{UVLO}		7.5	8.0	8.5	V
UVLO hysteresis	V _{UVLO} H			0.7		V
OCP circuit block						
OCP charge current	I _{OCP}			5		μA
Error amplifier						
Input bias current	I _{EA} IN				100	nA
Error amplifier transconductance	G _{EA}		1000	1400	1800	μA/V
Sink output current	I _{EA} OSK	FB = 1.0V		-100		μA
Source output current	I _{EA} OSC	FB = 0V		100		μA
Current detection amplifier gain	G _{ISNS}			1.5		
Over current limiter circuit block						
Reference current 1	I _{LIM1}	MODE = L (GND)	-10%	18.5	+10%	μA
Reference current 2	I _{LIM2}	MODE = H (V _{IN})	-10%	37.0	+10%	μA
Over current detection comparator offset voltage	V _{LIM} OFS		-5		+5	mV
Over current detection comparator common mode input range			V _{IN} -0.45		V _{IN}	V
PWM comparator						
Input threshold voltage (fosc = 125kHz)	V _t max	Duty cycle = DMAX	0.9	1.0	1.1	V
	V _t 0	Duty cycle = 0%	0.4	0.5	0.6	V
Maximum ON duty	DMAX		80	85	90	%
Output block						
Output stage ON resistance (the upper side)	R _{ONH}			5		Ω
Output stage ON resistance (the under side)	R _{ONL}			5		Ω
Output stage ON current (the upper side)	I _{ONH}		240			mA
Output stage ON current (the under side)	I _{ONL}		240			mA
The whole device						
Standby current	I _{CCS}	EN < 1V			10	μA
Mean consumption current	I _{CCA}	EN > 3.5V		3		mA

Block Diagram



Pin Function

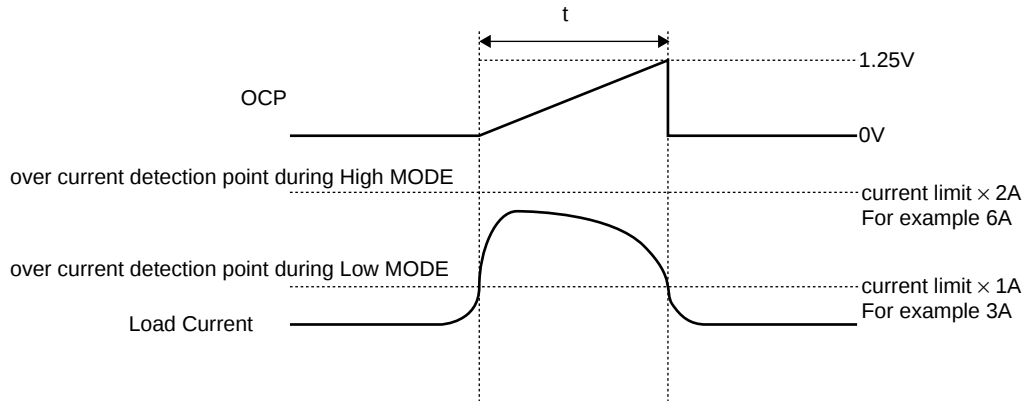
Pin No.	Pin name	Description
14	V_{IN}	Power supply pin. This pin is monitored by UVLO function. When the voltage of this pin becomes 7.7V or more by UVLO function, The IC starts and the soft start function operates.
11	GND	Ground pin. Each reference voltage is based on the voltage of the ground pin.
10	V_{DD}	Power supply pin for an external the lower MOS-FET gate drive.
7	CBOOT	Bootstrap capacity connection pin. This pin becomes a GATE drive power supply of an external NchMOSFET. Connect a bypath capacitor between CBOOT and SW.
6	SW	Pin to connect with switching node. The source of NchMOSFET connects to this pin.
5	SYNC	External synchronous signal input pin.
9	LDRV	An external the lower MOSFET gate drive pin.
8	HDRV	An external the upper MOSFET gate drive pin.
1	FB	Error amplifier reverse input pin. By operating the converter, the voltage of this pin becomes 0.67V. The voltage in which the output voltage is divided by an external resistance is applied to this pin.
2	COMP	Error amplifier output pin. Connect a phase compensation circuit between this pin and GND.
16	SS	Pin to connect a capacitor for soft start. A capacitor for soft start is charged by using the voltage of about 5 μ A. This pin ends the soft start period by using the voltage of about 1.1V and the frequency fold back function becomes active.
15	ILIM	Reference current pin for current detection. The sink current of about 20 μ A flows to this pin when Low level (GND) is set to the MODE pin. Also, the sink current of about 40 μ A flows to this pin when High level (V_{IN}) is set to the MODE pin. When a resistance is connected between this pin and V_{IN} outside and the voltage applied to the SW pin is lower than the voltage of the terminal side of the resistance, the upper NchMOSFET is off by operating the current limiter comparator. This operation is reset with respect to each PWM pulse.
3	EN	ON/OFF pin.
13	OCP	Pin to set the time of the timer (during double the over current detection point) Connect a capacitor between this pin and GND. OCP charge current : 5 μ A
4	RT	Pin to set the oscillation frequency. Connect a resistance between this pin and GND.
12	MODE	Pin to switch the over current detection point. Set by the low level (GND) of the ILIM pin. Set by the high level (V_{IN}) of the OCP pin. When this MODE pin is set to the high level and the point of the over current detection is set by using the ILIM pin is exceeded, the value becomes double the original value. Also, when the MODE pin is set to the low level, the point of the over current detection remains an original value.

Timing Chart

When the MODE pin is set to the high level and the point of the over current detection is set by using the ILIM pin is exceeded, the value becomes double the original value.

Also, when the MODE pin is set to the low level, the point of over current detection remains an original value.

Timing chart of the over current detection point switching is as below.



Setting Chart

1. Output voltage setting

- Setting of the output voltage VOUT is as follows.

$$V_{OUT} = 1 + \frac{R4}{R3} \times V_{REF} = 1 + \frac{R4}{R3} \times 0.67(\text{typ}) [\text{V}]$$

2. Soft Start setting

- Setting of capacitor C5 is as follows.

$$C5 = \frac{I_{ss} \times T_{ss}}{V_{REF}} = \frac{5\mu \times T_{ss}}{0.67} [\text{F}]$$

I_{ss} : Charge current value.

T_{ss} : Soft Start time

3. OCP Timer setting

- Setting of OCP timer capacitor C11 is as follows.

$$C11 = \frac{I_{ocp} \times T_{ocp}}{V_{ocp \text{ comp1}}} = \frac{5\mu \times T_{ocp}}{1.3} [\text{F}]$$

I_{ocp} : Charge current value.

T_{ocp} : OCP time

4. Current limiter setting

- Setting of the current limiter set resistance R5 is as follows.

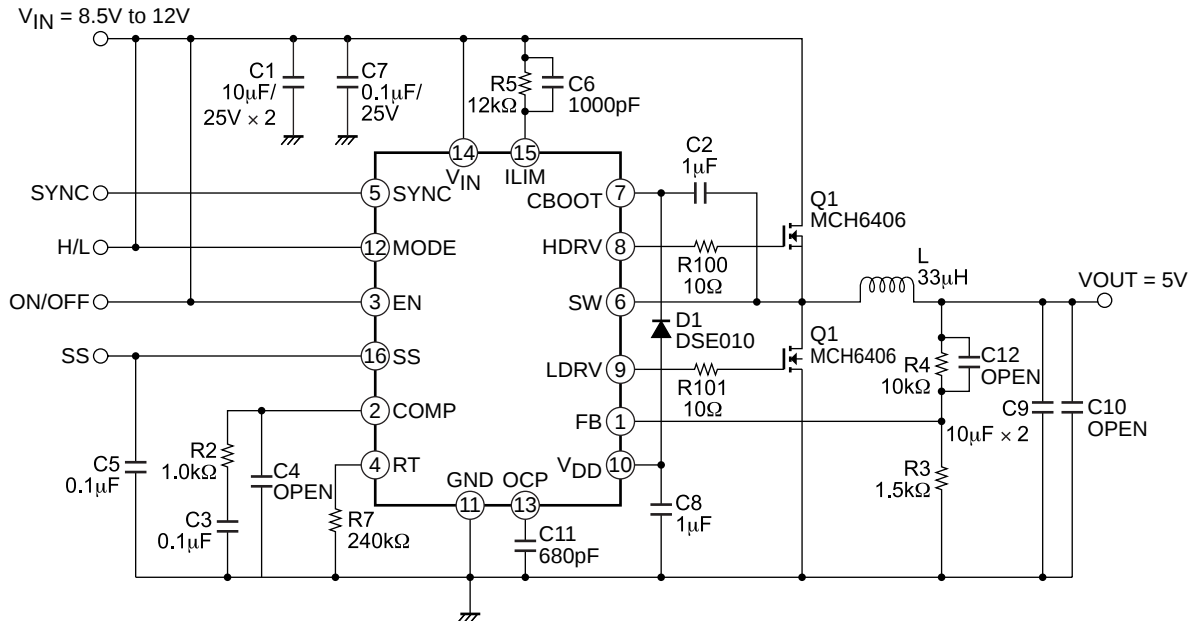
$$R5 = \frac{R_{dson} \times I_{out}}{I_{lim}} = \frac{R_{dson} \times I_{L \text{ max}}}{18.5\mu} [\Omega]$$

I_{lim} : ILIM current value.

I_L : inductance current value

R_{dson} : ON resistance value between Q1 drain-sources.

Sample Application Circuit



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