

# 74FR16245 16-Bit Transceiver with 3-STATE Outputs

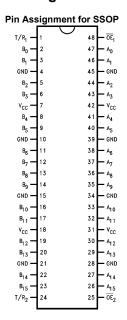
## **General Description**

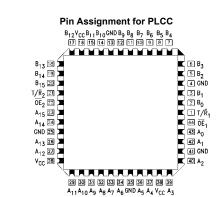
The 74FR16245 contains sixteen non-inverting bidirectional buffers with 3-STATE outputs and is intended for busoriented applications. Current sinking capability is 64 mA on both the A and B Ports. The device is byte controlled. Each byte has separate control inputs which can be shorted together for full 16-bit operation. The transmit/receive  $(T/\overline{R}_n)$  inputs determine the direction of data flow through the transceiver. The output enable  $(\overline{OE}_n)$  inputs disable both A and B Ports by placing them in an high impedance state.

#### **Features**

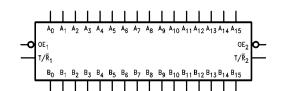
- Non-inverting buffers
- Bidirectional data paths
- A and B output sink capability of 64 mA, source capability of 15 mA
- Separate control pins for each byte
- Guaranteed pin-to-pin skew
- Low 3-STATE I<sub>II</sub>
- 16-Bit version of the 74F245 or 74F645

## **Connection Diagrams**





#### Logic Symbol



Rochester Electronics guarantees performance of its semiconductor products to the original OEM specifications. "Typical" values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing. Rochester Electronics reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any specification herein.

<sup>\*</sup> For complete Rochester ordering guide, please refer to page 2 \*

## 74FR16245

## **Rochester Ordering Guide**

| Rochester Part Number | OCM Part Number | Package | Temperature |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|
| 74FR16245QC           | 74FR16245QC     | LDCC-44 | 0° to +70°C |
| 74FR16245QCX          | 74FR16245QCX    | LDCC-44 | 0° to +70°C |
| 74FR16245SSC          | 74FR16245SSC    | SSOP-48 | 0° to +70°C |
| 74FR16245SSCX         | 74FR16245SSCX   | SSOP-48 | 0° to +70°C |

## **Pin Descriptions**

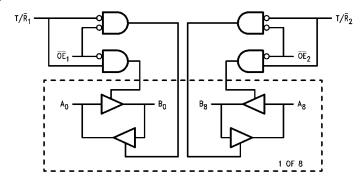
| Pin Names                       | Description                  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| ŌEn                             | Output Enable Input          |  |  |
| T/R <sub>n</sub>                | Transmit/Receive Input       |  |  |
| A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>15</sub> | A Bus Inputs/3-STATE Outputs |  |  |
| B <sub>0</sub> –B <sub>15</sub> | B Bus Inputs/3-STATE Outputs |  |  |

## **Truth Table**

| Inputs          |                  |                 |                  | Output Operating Mode |                 |  |  |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Byte1           | (0:7)            | Byte2           | (8:15)           |                       |                 |  |  |
| OE <sub>1</sub> | T/R <sub>1</sub> | OE <sub>2</sub> | T/R <sub>2</sub> | Byte1 (0:7)           | Byte2 (8:15)    |  |  |
| L               | L                | Н               | Х                | Bus B Data to A       | High Z State    |  |  |
| L               | Н                | Н               | Х                | Bus A Data to B       | High Z State    |  |  |
| Н               | Х                | L               | L                | High Z State          | Bus B Data to A |  |  |
| Н               | Х                | L               | Н                | High Z State          | Bus A Data to B |  |  |
| L               | L                | L               | L                | Bus B Data to A       | Bus B Data to A |  |  |
| L               | Н                | L               | Н                | Bus A Data to B       | Bus A Data to B |  |  |
| Н               | Х                | Н               | Х                | High Z State          | High Z State    |  |  |

H = HIGH Voltage Level L = LOW Voltage Level X = Immaterial

## **Logic Diagram**



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(Note 1)

Recommended Operating Conditions

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Storage Temperature} & -65\mbox{°C to } +150\mbox{°C} \\ \mbox{Ambient Temperature under Bias} & -55\mbox{°C to } +125\mbox{°C} \\ \end{array}$ 

Junction Temperature under Bias —55°C to +150°C

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \text{ Pin Potential to Ground Pin} & -0.5 \text{V to } +7.0 \text{V} \\ \text{Input Voltage (Note 2)} & -0.5 \text{V to } +7.0 \text{V} \\ \text{Input Current (Note 2)} & -30 \text{ mA to } +5.0 \text{ mA} \end{array}$ 

Voltage Applied to Output  $in \ HIGH \ State \ (with \ V_{CC} = 0V)$ 

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Standard Output} & -0.5 \text{V to V}_{\text{CC}} \\ \text{3-STATE Output} & -0.5 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V} \end{array}$ 

Current Applied to Output

 Free Air Ambient Temperature 0°C to +70°C Supply Voltage +4.5V to +5.5V

**Note 1:** Absolute maximum ratings are values beyond which the device may be damaged or have its useful life impaired. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

Note 2: Either voltage limit or current limit is sufficient to protect inputs.

## **DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Symbol            | Parameter            | Min  | Тур  | Max     | Units   | V <sub>CC</sub> | Conditions                                   |
|-------------------|----------------------|------|------|---------|---------|-----------------|--|
| V <sub>IH</sub>   | Input HIGH Voltage   | 2.0  |      |         | V       |                 | Recognized as a HIGH Signal                  |
| V <sub>IL</sub>   | Input LOW Voltage    |      |      | 0.8     | V       |                 | Recognized as a LOW Signal                   |
| V <sub>CD</sub>   | Input Clamp          |      |      | -1.2    | V       | Min             | I <sub>IN</sub> = -18 mA                     |
|                   | Diode Voltage        |      |      | -1.2    | V       | IVIIII          | 1 <sub>IN</sub> = -10 111A                   |
| V <sub>OH</sub>   | Output HIGH          | 2.4  | 2.8  |         |         |                 | I <sub>OH</sub> = - 3 mA                     |
|                   | Voltage              | 2.0  | 2.44 |         | V       | Min             | $I_{OH} = -15 \text{ mA}$                    |
|                   |                      |      |      |         |         |                 | $(A_n, B_n)$                                 |
| V <sub>OL</sub>   | Output LOW           |      | 0.45 | 0.55    | V       | Min             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 64 mA                      |
|                   | Voltage              |      | 0.45 | 0.55    | V       | IVIII           | $(A_n, B_n)$                                 |
| I <sub>IH</sub>   | Input HIGH Current   |      |      | 5.0     | μА      | Max             | V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V                       |
| I <sub>BVI</sub>  | Input HIGH Current   |      |      |         |         |                 | $V_{IN} = 7.0V$                              |
|                   | Break-Down Test      |      |      | 7.0     | μА      | Max             | $(\overline{OE}_n, T/\overline{R}_n)$        |
| I <sub>BVIT</sub> | Input HIGH Current   |      |      |         |         |                 | V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V                       |
|                   | Breakdown Test (I/O) |      |      | 0.1     | mA      | Max             | $(A_n, B_n)$                                 |
| I <sub>IL</sub>   | Input LOW            |      |      | -150    | μА      | Max             | $V_{IN} = 0.5V (T/\overline{R}_n, A_n, B_n)$ |
|                   | Current              |      |      | -100    | μА      | Max             | $V_{IN} = 0.5V (\overline{OE}_n)$            |
| I <sub>OS</sub>   | Output Short-Circuit | _    |      |         | -225 mA | Max             | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V                        |
|                   | Current              | -100 |      | -225    |         |                 | $(A_n, B_n)$                                 |
| I <sub>IH</sub> + | Output Leakage       |      |      |         |         |                 | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.7V                      |
| I <sub>OZH</sub>  | Current              |      | 0    | 25      | μΑ      | Max             | $(A_n, B_n)$                                 |
| I <sub>II</sub> + | Output Leakage       |      |      |         |         |                 | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5V                      |
| I <sub>OZL</sub>  | Current              |      | -20  | -150    | μA      | Max             | $(A_n, B_n)$                                 |
| I <sub>CEX</sub>  | Output HIGH Leakage  |      |      |         |         |                 | V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>           |
| OLA.              | Current              |      |      | 50      | μA      | Max             | $(A_n, B_n)$                                 |
| V <sub>ID</sub>   | Input Leakage        |      |      |         | V       | 0.0             | I <sub>ID</sub> = 1.9 μA                     |
|                   | Test                 | 4.75 |      |         |         |                 | All Other Pins Grounded                      |
| I <sub>OD</sub>   | Output Circuit       |      |      |         |         | μΑ 0.0          | V <sub>IOD</sub> = 150 mV                    |
|                   | Leakage Current      |      |      | 3.75 μ. | μА      |                 | All Other Pins Grounded                      |
| I <sub>ZZ</sub>   | Bus Drainage         |      |      | 100     | μА      | 0.0             | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.25V                     |
|                   | Test                 |      |      |         |         |                 | $(A_n, B_n)$                                 |
| I <sub>CCH</sub>  | Power Supply Current |      | 70   | 105     | mA      | Max             | V <sub>O</sub> = HIGH                        |
| I <sub>CCL</sub>  | Power Supply Current |      | 127  | 165     | mA      | Max             | $V_O = LOW$                                  |
| I <sub>CCZ</sub>  | Power Supply Current |      | 71   | 105     | mA      | Max             | V <sub>O</sub> = HIGH Z                      |
| C <sub>IN</sub>   | Input Capacitance    |      | 8.0  |         | pF      | 5.0             | OE, T/R                                      |
|                   |                      |      | 17.0 |         | pF      | 5.0             | $A_n, B_n$                                   |

## **AC Electrical Characteristics**

| Symbol           | Parameter  |     | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $V_{CC} = +5.0V$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ |      |     | $T_A = 0$ °C to $+70$ °C $V_{CC} = +5.0V$ $C_L = 50$ pF |    |  |
|------------------|--|-----|---|------|-----|---|----|--|
|                  |  | Min | Тур   | Max  | Min | Max   |    |  |
| t <sub>PLH</sub> | Propagation Delay  | 1.3 | 2.7   | 4.3  | 1.3 | 4.3   |    |  |
| t <sub>PHL</sub> | A <sub>n</sub> to B <sub>n</sub> or B <sub>n</sub> to A <sub>n</sub> | 1.3 | 2.2   | 4.3  | 1.3 | 4.3   | ns |  |
| t <sub>PZH</sub> | Output Enable Time   | 3.9 | 6.9   | 13.9 | 3.9 | 13.9  |    |  |
| $t_{PZL}$        |  | 3.9 | 9.7   | 13.9 | 3.9 | 13.9  | ns |  |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> | Output Disable Time  | 1.8 | 3.9   | 6.3  | 1.8 | 6.3   | no |  |
| $t_{PLZ}$        |  | 1.8 | 4.4   | 6.3  | 1.8 | 6.3   | ns |  |

#### **Extended AC Characteristics**

| Symbol           | Parameter                        | V <sub>CC</sub> = C <sub>L</sub> = 16 Output | to +70°C<br>= +5.0V<br>50 pF<br>s Switching<br>ote 4) | $T_A = 0 ^{\circ} C \text{ to } +70 ^{\circ} C$ $V_{CC} = +5.0 V$ $C_L = 250 \text{ pF}$ $(\text{Note 5})$ |     | Unit |
|------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|-----|------|
|                  |                                  | Min  | Max   | Min  | Max |      |
| t <sub>PLH</sub> | Propagation Delay                | 1.3  | 5.8   | 3.2  | 8.2 | ns   |
| $t_{PHL}$        | $A_n$ to $B_n$ or $B_n$ to $A_n$ | 1.3  | 5.8   | 3.2  | 8.2 |      |
| t <sub>PZH</sub> | Output Enable Time               | 3.9  | 14.6  |  |     | no   |
| $t_{PZL}$        |                                  | 3.9  | 14.6  |  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> | Output Disable Time              | 1.8  | 6.3   |  |     | ns   |
| $t_{PLZ}$        |                                  | 1.8  | 6.3   |  |     | 115  |
| toshl            | Pin-to-Pin Skew                  | 1.2  |   |  |     |      |
| (Note 3)         | for HL Transitions               |  |   |  | ns  |      |
| toslh            | Pin-to-Pin Skew                  |  | 2.2   |  |     | no   |
| (Note 3)         | for LH Transitions               | 2.2  |   |  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>OST</sub> | Pin-to-Pin Skew                  | 2.5  |   |  |     | ns   |
| (Note 3)         | for HL/LH Transitions            |  |   |  |     | 115  |

Note 3: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delays for any two outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>), or HIGH-to-LOW and/or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OST</sub>). Specifications guaranteed with all outputs switching in phase.

Rochester Electronics guarantees performance of its semiconductor products to the original OEM specifications. "Typical" values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing. Rochester Electronics reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any specification herein.

Note 4: This specification is guaranteed but not tested The limits apply to propagation delays for all paths described switching in phase, i.e., all LOW-to-HIGH, HIGH-to-LOW, 3-STATE-to-HIGH, etc.

Note 5: These specifications guaranteed but not tested. The limits represent propagation delays with 250 pF load capacitors in place of the 50 pF load capacitors in the standard AC load. This specification pertains to single output switching only.