



IQS231 Datasheet

Single Channel Capacitive Proximity/Touch Controller for SAR applications

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS - SEE 1QS231A

Features

- Pin compatible with IQS127/128/227/228/211
- Replacement solution for the IQS128 to meet SAR regulations (failsafe & long-term activation testing) and improve performance
- Improved IQS128 DYCAL[™] operation with quick release detection for improved SAR safety
- Human detection options for start-up detection and improved user experience (non-default, FCC approval pending)
- 1.75V to 3.6V Input voltage, trimmed to use proximity detection with 1.8V digital interface
- External threshold adjustment pin (minimize need for pre-empted OTP adjustments)
- Minimal external components (direct input strap)
- Standalone failsafe mode (backwards compatible failsafe output, short pulses on output to indicate operational device)
- Default OTP options focus on safety and passing SAR lab qualification, OTP changes offer performance advantages
- Quick release detection effectively prevent false triggers

Applications

- SAR Sensor
- Integrated hybrid designs (RF and capacitive sensing combined)
- Movement sensing applications (user interaction detection, anti-theft)

RoHS2

6 pin **TSOT23-6**Representations only, not actual markings

- Quick release sensitivity options
- Projected capacitive sensing option (selfcapacitance by default)
- I2C interface option (improved compatibility)
- Extended controls in I²C mode (setup in I²C, runtime with standalone output)
- Hand-held power on detection (safety back-off feature using user interaction)
- Optional input for synchronized implementations (input to instruct IC when to sense)
- Synchronization output failsafe pulses may be used by the master to synchronize on. Sensing is done after each pulse
- Synchronization input Sensing is only done while Sync input is low
- Low power sensing: 30Hz (default), 100Hz
- Constant sampling rates during all power modes with rapidly debounced output changes
 - Hold detection for screen activation
 - On-ear detection

T _A	TSOT23-6
-40°C to 85°C	IQS231

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS - SEE 1QS231A

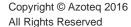






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1 Summary: Packaging and Pin-Out

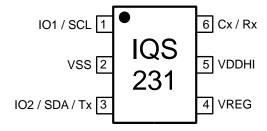


Figure 1.1 IQS231 pin-out (TSOT23-6 package)

Table 1.1 Pin-out description

	IQS231 in TSOT23-6					
Pin Name Type			Function			
1	PRIMARY I/O	Digital Input/Output	Multifunction IO1 / SCL (I ² C Clock signal)			
2	VSS	Signal GND				
3	SECONDARY I/O / Tx	Digital Input/Output	Multifunction IO2 / SDA (I ² C Data output) / Tx			
4	VREG	Regulator output	Requires external capacitor			
5	VDDHI	Supply Input	Supply:1.75V – 3.6V			
6	Сх	Sense electrode	Connect to conductive area intended for sensor			

Table 1.2 Multifunction pin descriptions

Multifunction pin name Multifunction pin option	
IO1	Proximity output / Proximity output with heartbeat
IO2	Sensitivity input / Synchronization input /
	Movement output / Touch output

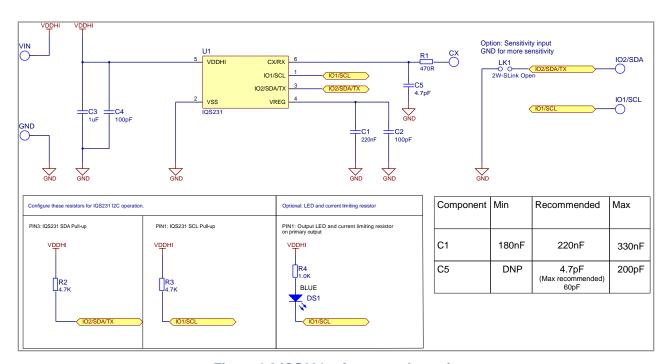


Figure 1.2 IQS231 reference schematic





2 Summary: One-Time-Programmable (OTP) options

OTP bank	0		IQS231 000	000 <u>xx</u> TSR			
Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
Movement ti	me-out	Movement th	nreshold	Quick releas	e threshold	Quick releas	e beta
Prox no mov UI 00 - 2s 01 - 5s 10 - 10s 11 - Disabled (0s) Prox&Mov UIs 00 - 10s 01 - 30s 10 - 60s		00 – 4 counts 01 – 6 10 – 8 11 – 10		00 – moderate 01 – strict 10 – relaxed 11 - very strict	100 counts 150 50 250	00 – 2 (fast folk 01 - 3 10 - 4 11 – 5 (slow folk	0,
OTP Bank	1		IQS231 000	Ovv00 TSR			
Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
Filter halt threshold	-	reshold (low/hi	igh)	AC Filter	Hand-held power on detection	Touch thresh	
0 – 3 counts 1 – 6 Filter halt time-out fixed at 5 seconds	1 - 6			0 – Increased 1 – Normal	0 – Disabled 1 – Enabled	00 – 32 counts 01 – 64 10 – 256 11 – 320	
OTP Bank	011 – 88	111 – 2	IQS231 00 x	<u>x</u> 0000 TSR			
Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
Reserved	Target	Base value		Failsafe	Quick release	User interfac	e
n/a	0 = 1200 / 1096 (movement) 1 = 768	00 – 100 counts 01 – 75 10 – 150 11 – 200	3	0 – Disabled 1 – Enabled	0 – Enabled 1 – Disabled	00 - Prox / No r 01 - Prox with n 10 - Prox with n Touch with no r 11 - Same as '1 forced on IO2	novement novement /
OTP Bank	3		IQS231 <u>xx</u> 0	000000 TSR			
Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
Reserved		Projected sensing	IO2 function		IC mode	Reserved	Sample rate
n/a		0 – Self capacitance 1 – Projected capacitance	00 - Sensitivity threshold adjus 01 - Sync input 10 - Movement 11 - Ignore inpu	output	0 – Standalone 1 – I ² C	Sample-to-sam (Response time sample deboun 24ms 0 – 30 Hz (57m 1 – 100 Hz) Includes 6 ce burst of

Recommended base configurations: IQS128 replacement: IQS231 00000000 TSR | Full featured: IQS231 000A0600 TSR | Shared electrode: IQS231 08000000 TSR | 12 C mode (optional: jump to standalone): IQS231 04000000 TSR



3 Summary: Programming reference (I²C memory map)

						I2C Commu	nications Layout					
Cash road instruction returns NAMIN_VANTS type as first byte, followed by the data at the specified address.	Command/	Register name/s	R/W		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	xxH	MAIN_EVENTS	R	n/a		DEBUG			COLD BOOT	RELEASE	TOUCH	PROX
DEBUG_EVENTS			Each r	ead instruct	ion returns 'MAI	N_EVENTS' byte a	as first byte, follow	ed by the data	at the specified a	ddress		
DIRUG_DYNTS		_	R	0x40								
GSH	01H	SOFTWARE_VERSION	R	0x04				0:	x04			
OH	02H	DEBUG_EVENTS	R	n/a	RESERVED	ATI_ERROR	CH0_ATI	RESERVED			MOV	MOVEMENT
Sensing Sensing Sensing ACFRITTER MOVEMENT MODE EVENT MODE MO	03H	EVENTS_ENABLED	R/W	0x03F	RESERVED	DEBUG			COLD BOOT	RELEASE	TOUCH	PROX
	04H	COMMANDS	R/W	0x00	ATI_CH0				MOVEMENT		EVENT	WARM BOOT
OFF Bank 2	05H	OTP Bank 1	R/W	0x00	Filter halt		shold		AC Filter	power on		old
Sensing	06H	OTP Bank 2	R/W	0x00	RESERVED	Target	Base value		Failsafe		User interfac	e selection
Oct Oct	07H	OTP Bank 3	R/W	0x00	RESERVED	RESERVED		IO2 Function	1	(Standalone /	RESERVED	Sample rate
Discription	08H	QUICK RELEASE	R/W	0x00		Quick release	threshold LUT	1		Quick relea	ise beta	
OBH MOVEMENT R/W Ox30 Ox3 = 300 Ox3 = 250 Ox3 = 250												
OPH					0xE = 850	0xA = 300	0x6 = 25	0x2 = 50				
C25, 4 OCC = 10min OCC = 30min OCC = 30min OCC = 50min OCC	09H	MOVEMENT	R/W	0x30	0XF = 1000			UX3 = 250				
OD - 30min Od - 2 min Od	0511	MOVEMENT.	1,, 11					0x0 = 0s		Anvement threshold	d = (Value x 2) +	4
DAH					0xE = 60min	0xA = 2min	0x6 = 10s	0x2 = 1s				•
PROXIMITY THRESHOLD	0AH	TOUCH THRESHOLD	R/W		OXF = 90IIIII	OXB = SIIIIII	0x7 = 20S	Touch threshold				
OCH RESERVED R/W n/a Reserved CH0 Multipliers R/W n/a Reserved CH0 Compensation CH0 Compensation multiplier 0FH CH0 Compensation R/W n/a 0-3 0-15 0FH CH1 Multipliers R/W n/a Reserved CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier CH1 Compensation multiplier 10H CH1 Compensation R/W n/a Reserved CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier 0-15 11H System flags R n/a AC FILTER ACTIVE Reserved CH1_ACTIVE Reserved CH0_LTA_HALTED ATI_MODE ZOOM M 12H UI flags R n/a Reserved CH1_ACTIVE Reserved HAND_HELD ATI_MODE ZOOM M 12H UI flags R n/a Reserved CH1_ACTIVE Reserved CH0_LTA_HALTED ATI_MODE ZOOM M 13H ATI flags R n/a Reserved CH1_ACTIVE Reserved CH0_LTA_HALTED ATI_MODE ZOOM M 13H <td>ОВН</td> <td></td> <td>R/W</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Rese</td> <td>erved</td> <td></td> <td colspan="2">Reserved Proximity threshold = (OTP value +1) x 4 x2 if IO2 is high in standalone Available range: 20 – 132 (IO2 low)</td> <td>dalone (IO2 low)</td>	ОВН		R/W			Rese	erved		Reserved Proximity threshold = (OTP value +1) x 4 x2 if IO2 is high in standalone Available range: 20 – 132 (IO2 low)		dalone (IO2 low)	
OFFI CH0 Compensation R/W n/a Reserved Reserved CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier CH1 Compensation multiplier O - 3 O - 15	0CH	RESERVED	R/W	n/a				r	n/a			
OEH CH0 Compensation R/W n/a Reserved Reserved CH1 Multiplier CH1 Compensation multiplier 10H CH1 Compensation R/W n/a Reserved CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier CH1 Compensation multiplier 10H CH1 Compensation R/W n/a 0 - 255 11H System flags R n/a AC FILTER ACTIVE ACTIVE Reserved Reserved CH1_ACTIVE PWR ON PWR	0DH	CH0 Multipliers	R/W	n/a	Reserved	Reserved						
OFH	0EH	CH0 Compensation	R/W	n/a		l I			- 255		.5	
10H CH1 Compensation R/W n/a AC FILTER Reserved CH1_ACTIVE Reserved CH2_ACTIVE CH2_ACTIVE Reserved CH2_ACTIVE Reserved CH2_ACTIVE Reserved CH2_ACTIVE CH2_	0FH		R/W	n/a	Reserved	Reserved	CH1 Sensitivit	y Multiplier		CH1 Compensat	ion multiplier	
11H												
12H	10H	CH1 Compensation	R/W	n/a				0 -	- 255			
13H ATI flags R n/a Reserved OIP_MOLE Reserved PWR ON UDIX_RELEAS RESERVED ACTIVE 14H Event flags R n/a CH1_ATI ERROR Reserved CH0_TOUCH CH0_PRO 15H CH0 ACF_H R n/a Proximity channel: Filtered count value 16H CH0 ACF_L R n/a Proximity channel: Reference count value (Long term average) 17H CH0 LTA_H R n/a Proximity channel: Quick release detect reference value 18H CH0 QRD_L R n/a Proximity channel: Filtered count value 1AH CH0 QRD_L R n/a Proximity channel: Filtered count value 1AH CH1 ACF_H R n/a Movement channel: Filtered count value 1CH CH1 ACF_L R n/a Movement channel: Upper reference count value 1CH CH1 UMOV_H R n/a Movement channel: Upper reference count value 1CH CH1 UMOV_L R n/a Movement channel: Lower reference count value 2CH CH1 LMOV_L R n/a Movement channel: Lower reference count value 2CH CH1 LMOV_L R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time-out. Movement events will reset this timer 2CH HALT_TIMER_L R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error 13H CH1 LMOV_B R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error 13H CH1 LMOV_B R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error 13H CH1 LMOV_B R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error 13H CH1 LMOV_B R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error 13H CH1 LMOV_B R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error 13H CH1 LMOV_B R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error 13H CH1 LMOV_B R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error	11H	System flags	R	n/a		Reserved	CH1_ACTIVE	Reserved		CH0_LTA_HALTED	ATI_MODE	ZOOM MODE
14H Event flags					Reserved		ULP_MODE		PWR ON	QUICK_RELEASE	Reserved	
Service Movement channel: Filtered count value Chu_Proc.			1		0114 477	ı				Laua	Г	
16H CHO ACF_L R n/a 0 - 2000 17H CHO LTA_H R n/a Proximity channel: Reference count value (Long term average) 18H CHO LTA_L R n/a 0 - 2000 19H CHO QRD_H R n/a Proximity channel: Quick release detect reference value 1AH CHO QRD_L R n/a 0 - 2000 1BH CH1 ACF_H R n/a Movement channel: Filtered count value 1CH CH1 ACF_L R n/a Movement channel: Upper reference count value 1DH CH1 UMOV_H R n/a Movement channel: Lower reference count value 1EH CH1 LMOV_H R n/a Movement channel: Lower reference count value 20H CH1 LMOV_L R n/a Movement channel: Lower reference count value 20H CH1 LMOV_L R n/a O - 2000 21H HALT_TIMER_H R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time-out. Movement events will reset this timer 22H HALT_TIMER_L R		_				Reserved		MOVEMENT	ERROR	UNDEBOUNCED	CH0_TOUCH	CH0_PROX
17H		_					Pro			alue		
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23H TIMER.ATI_CHO R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error (0 – 255) × 100ms Timer range: 0 – 25s						200.11000011111						
						Countdown tim	er to give active fe	edback on the t	ime until re-calib	ration is attempted	after ATI-error	
24H IIMER.ATI_CH1 R n/a Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error (0 – 255) × 100ms Timer range: 0 – 25s	24H	TIMER.ATI_CH1	R	n/a	Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error							





4 Summary: Features

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Pin compatibility

Many older designs using the IQS128 will benefit from a "drop-in" replacement on a production device for evaluation.



A DYCAL-type implementation (referring to dynamic threshold calibration) is recommended as main stability feature for the latest SAR user interface. Passing the device SAR qualification with this type of interface has been proven successful.

"Quick release" detection is the improved "DYCAL"-type implementation and focusses on a release characteristic within a time window.

Movement features add a second level of protection against stuck conditions with the quick release detection.

The quick release will be detected on the proximity channel (not the secondary movement channel) and the signal slope will be monitored to enable the quick release. A single action from a touch/proximity state will trigger the quick release event and the event will only remain as long the proximity state holds.

UI

User interface selection

The device offers 3 main UIs intended for SAR use. These are:

- Proximity UI, no continuous movement sensing
- Proximity UI, continuous movement sensing
- Proximity & touch UI, continuous movement sensing during proximity, no movement sensing during touch (No time-out during long duration stationary SAR tests)

In all cases the use of the quick release feature is recommended to prevent typical non-human activations from remaining.

In all cases "no movement" and "movement sensing" refers to the capacitive movement sensing during normal activation. "Hand held detection" and "quick release" features will enable movement sensing with a no-movement time-out, irrespective of which UI is selected.





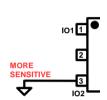
Summary: Features (Continued 1...)



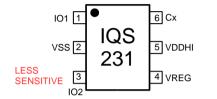
Movement detection

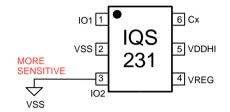
Movement detection is designed to function as human presence detection in a localized area. This device can't be used to fulfil an accelerometer function ("G-sensor" function).

Human presence detection requires an exception in SAR testing because the qualification testing only uses stationary "phantom bodies". Optimized human detection is offered through an integrated separate channel, dedicated towards human detection.



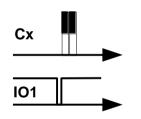
Sensitivity adjustment





Default input use: internal pull-up (20k Ω) by default, tie directly to GND for more sensitive option.

Apart from the simple external adjustment, an external capacitor is recommended for sensitivity adjustments. 1pF is considered a small change in sensitivity, while 10pF changes are considered large. A maximum of 60pF load is recommended for effective proximity sensing.



Failsafe heartbeat

A single pulse of 500µs is integrated on IO1. This pulse is the failsafe heartbeat, sent on each sensing event. This pulse will be sent during the "stabilize time" as shown in Figure 8.1.

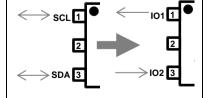
The failsafe indicator signal will precede the conversions (sampling). The failsafe signal will be repeated during burst mode in order to offer synchronization output to the master, indicating exactly when sensitive measurements are done. Measurement times have a fixed maximum which the user can implement.

The failsafe signal is disabled by default and may be enabled via OTP option or I²C initialize with standalone setup.



High configurability

Through I^2C the IQS231 can be used in many different ways and the configuration can be updated during later stages of development than with the OTP route.



Switch I²C to standalone

Configure the device via a dedicated I²C type connection and switch to any standalone mode for runtime operation. This minimises the processor load and spurious content from communication signals.

The failsafe heartbeat is integral to detecting an unexpected reset event. When the heartbeat disappears, default state is assumed and the master device should reconfigure the device through I²C.





Summary: Features (Continued 2...)

Self / Projected Sensing	Projected is offered for future implementations with advantages in proximity detection for SAR and on-ear. Electrode design is a major design element in such application. Projected sensing is permanently disabled when I ² C mode is chosen.	
Hand-held detection	Movement detection information will be used for power-on safety detection. During the start-up period, the threshold detection cannot be accurately used due to calibration at this time. Human movement characteristics are used as an alternative.	
during power-on	A touch event is considered a more substantial indication of actual threshold trigger and therefore this will clear the hand-held detection state when a proximity & touch UI is selected.	
Sync input	In order to ensure a stable sensing environment, sensing may be done in strategic time windows controlled by a master device.	
	The Automatic tuning implementation (ATI) ensures optimal sensitivity during runtime for various sensor environments.	
Automatic tuning (ATI)	Two channels are calibrated (proximity channel and movement channel). Both run on the same Cx pin in different time slots.	
(711)	An ATI-block time is defined to prevent re-ATI loops during touch release events. The ATI-block is fixed for the movement channel, and fixed for the standard touch/proximity channel	
Reference signal behaviour	Long-term-average (LTA: signal reference) behavior is optimized for SAR where trigger tests are important in product qualification. The LTA will therefore be slow while still able to prevent typical temperature drift from causing activations.	
Start Control Byte	Standard I ² C polling for:	
S Adr + WRITE ACK	Debugging & normal use	
Improved I ² C interface	 Device polling optimized for guaranteed response (within t_{CLK_stretch} – clock stretching will be applied to the bus SCL line) 	





5 Features: Extended details

5.1 ATI (Automatic Tuning Implementation)

External sensor connections are calibrated in the following ways:

- Power On Reset (proximity channel is calibrated at each POR)
- Movement channel is only calibrated with POR when hand-held detection is enabled
- Proximity & movement channel is calibrated when the reference is out of bounds (1/8 of target counts). The reference of the proximity channel is rapidly adapted when capacitance moves away from the trigger threshold OR when an automatic "reseed" is done (Reseed: reference = actual sensor value). The reference of the movement channel is rapidly adapted in any direction of capacitive changes.
- Redo-ATI of the proximity channel can be initiated by the user in I²C mode using an I²C command.

During each proximity channel ATI event, the proximity output is activated to indicate the event and ensure a safe output during the event and in the case of an ATI-error.

Known issues: When 125 kHz charge transfer frequency selected for large capacitive and resistive loads, the calibration has instability around the ATI boundaries.

5.2 Sensitivity adjustment

Apart from the simple external adjustment, an external capacitor is recommended for sensitivity adjustments. 1pF is considered a small change in sensitivity, while 10pF changes are considered large. A maximum of 60pF load is recommended for effective proximity sensing.





6 Recommended SAR configurations

Configuration name	Configuration	Details
IQS128 replacement	IQS231 00000000 TSR	Backwards compatible / with quick release
Full-feature (base)	IQS231 000A0600 TSR	Touch threshold, Hand-held power on detect, quick-release, failsafe, prox&touch UI,
Full-feature (no failsafe heartbeat)	IQS231 00020600 TSR	Touch threshold, Hand-held power on detect, quick-release, prox&touch UI
Shared electrode	IQS231 08000000 TSR	Synchronization input
I ² C Mode	IQS231 04000000 TSR	I ² C enabled

See below sections for details on recommended configurations.

6.1 IQS128 replacement configuration

The IQS128 replacement mode is the default OTP configuration:

- DYCAL release is replaced with the quick release (enabled by default)
- The available input (IO2) may be used floating (has internal pull-up)
 - Float / pull high: Less sensitive proximity threshold of 8 counts
 - Shorting this pin to GND: More sensitive proximity threshold of 4 counts.
- The default base value of the IQS231 is decreased (100 compared to IQS128 @ 200) to give more sensitivity for a lower target count
 - o add a larger Cx capacitance if this sensitivity boost is applied in an environment with a low signal-to-noise ratio.
- The default quick release settings make the feature function towards the safe side. A
 design with 20mm trigger distance should activate the feature if a quick release action
 is done from a deep touch on the electrode.
- Reference part number: IQS231 00000000 TSR





6.2 Full feature configuration

With the standalone mode using movement, all important features of the IQS231 are recommended to enable:

- Enable hand held detection: This feature offers improved user protecting when powering up the device in-hand.
- Enable failsafe output: This feature will place short pulses on the output which can
 easily be ignored by a debounce algorithm and detected by an interrupt. When failsafe
 pulses disappear, the output IQS231 output should be ignored and the device should
 enter a safe state.
- Enable the proximity & touch UI with movement. This UI will effectively time-out when a proximity state is activated, but with no user interaction (device placed on table / in bag etc.). When in a touch state, no time-out will occur. This time-out blocking is beneficial for the long term SAR qualification testing.
- When the touch UI is enabled the touch level becomes active. Select a touch threshold
- Keep quick release enabled. The feature will improve user experience with a quick 2 second no-movement time-out. The time-out is fixed (2 sec) when any proximity & movement UI is chosen.
- Reference part number: IQS231 000A0600 TSR (or IQS231 00020600 TSR no failsafe heartbeat)

6.3 Shared electrode with RF antenna

When using the device in an advanced implementation using the RF antenna as sensing electrode, the following settings are recommended:

- Enable the synchronization input to take control of when sensing is allowed (pull IO2 low) and when sensing is paused (IO2 high with internal pull-up). This feature may be used to multiplex RF transmit, receive and capacitive sensing. Sensing requires a minimum IO2 low time of 10ms to do a proper charge transfer. The proximity threshold will default to the low option.
- Use the mode described next: "I²C setup with standalone output in runtime". This mode
 will ensure full control of settings while offering a connection to the RF module without
 the frequency harmonics produced by I²C communications.
- Reference part number: IQS231 08000000 TSR





6.4 I²C setup with standalone output in runtime

For full control of the settings, an I²C device may be used (I²C enabled with OTP) to do the IC setup, while runtime offers a standalone output. The advantage is that detailed settings can be flexible and determined separately from the procurement phase (OTPs are required to be fixed early enough to satisfy the lead-time for an OTP-specific solution). Details about this mode are as follows:

- From about 20ms from power-up, the device may be polled by address.
- The device will acknowledge the correct address within about 5ms from any R/W event (expect clock stretching during IQS231 wake-up)
- Send write commands via I²C until all the required settings are written
- Send the mode switch bit "IC mode" -> "Standalone" only after all settings are written. After writing this setting, the next I²C stop sent will automatically instruct a soft reset to put the IC in standalone mode, keeping all the settings written through I²C. A soft reset will also ensure that a recalibration is done.
- Quick reference to switch modes: Clear register 0x07 (OTP Bank 3) bit 2 to enter standalone mode.
- Reference part number: IQS231 04000000 TSR





7 I²C Programming Guide (Summary)

The IQS231 device interfaces to a master controller via a 2-wire (SDA and SCL) serial interface bus that is I^2C^{TM} compatible, with a maximum communication speed of 400kbit/s.

The protocol acknowledges an address request independently. The I²C hardware module is awake for address recognition while the IQS231 is in sleep mode, giving the ability to wake the device at any time and effectively communicate via serial interface. This is different compared to other ultra-low power Azoteq solutions where the communications module also sleeps during standard IC sleep times. Repeated polling requests where required in such case.

7.1 Add I2C connection

When using I^2C mode, ensure the connections as shown in Figure 1.1. Internal pull-up resistors are sufficient for communication speeds up to 100kbits/s with low capacitance on the lines (<15pF). For 400kbit/s, be sure to place pull-up resistors (4.7k Ω recommended)





7.2 I2C command structure

By writing to address 0x04, commands can be sent to the device. The commands are as follows:

Reg 0x04 Bit Description Toggle (yes/no) Name **WARM BOOT** 0 Soft reset, all No registers remain as written, UI resets 1 **RESERVED** n/a n/a 2 ULP MODE Ultra low power mode Yes enable (512ms) 3 **RESERVED** n/a n/a 4 AC FILTER Toggle between Yes option available in **OTP** DISABLE SENSING 5 Disables all No conversions No 6 **ENABLE SENSING** Enable capacitive sensing 7 ATI CHO Perform re-calibration No on proximity channel

Table 7.1 I²C command structure

7.3 Control Byte

The Control byte indicates the 7-bit device address (44H default) and the Read/Write indicator bit. The structure of the control byte is shown in Figure 7.1.

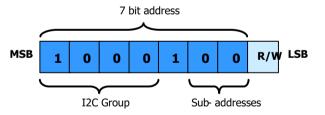


Figure 7.1 IQS231 control byte

The I²C device has a 7 bit Slave Address (default 0x44H) in the control byte as shown in Figure 7.1. To confirm the address, the software compares the received address with the device address. Sub-address values can be set by OTP programming options.

The IQS231 has no alternate slave address options.

7.4 Test mode (address 0x45)

During the power-on period (approx. 20ms), the device will respond to polling requests on address **0x45** (test-mode address). Test-mode is used during IC production and OTP configuration.

With another device on the I^2C bus with address 0x45, power-up sequence and communication timing should be considered.







7.5 I2C typical setup

The typical I²C setup would adjust the following registers:

- Quick release beta
- Quick release threshold
- Movement threshold
- Touch threshold
- Proximity threshold
- Filter halt time
- User interface
- IC mode

The rest of the settings will only require adjustment with specific requirement.

7.6 I2C read (Event register)

Each I2C read will always return the event register as the first byte. When reading from a specific register (write address before read), 2x reads should be done. See memory map first line for detail on the event register.





8 Configuration Options

The IQS231 offers various user selectable options. These options may be defined via I²C setup or **one-time programmable (OTP)** configuration. OTP configured devices may be ordered pre-programmed for bulk orders or in-circuit programming techniques may be implemented during the product testing phase. I²C setup allows access to all device settings while entering direct output mode when selected by the MCU.

Azoteq offers a Configuration Tool (CT210 or later) and associated software that can be used to program the OTP user options for prototyping purposes. For further information regarding this subject, please contact your local distributor or submit enquiries to Azoteq at: ProxSenseSupport@azoteq.com







8.1 OTP Details: Bank 0

Movement time- out (bit 7:6)	When no movement is detected within a time period, a movement time-out occurs. The reference is halted until the timer clears. After the timer clears, the reference signal is made equal to the actual signal, nullifying any signal delta that may have caused a proximity or touch event. The timer is reloaded with every movement event detected.
Movement threshold (bit 5:4)	A low count threshold region is defined for a movement signal internally stored. Movement characteristics accumulate and triggers as soon as it reaches the threshold. The accumulated effect is nullified and accumulation is restarted in order to detect the next possible movement event.
Quick release threshold (bit 3:2)	The quick release feature will operate according to the parameters as specified in: DYCAL / Quick release definition Quick release beta Quick release threshold The quick release threshold defines the trigger point for the feature where the counts deviate from a quick release moving average in a certain direction. The direction is determined by the projected sensing enabled/disabled bit: With projected disabled (default) the direction is with increasing counts With projected enabled the direction is with decreasing counts
Quick release beta (bit 1:0)	The quick release beta forms part of the quick release feature and is the filter intensity of the reference value which follows the actual counts. The quick release is triggered according to the difference between this reference value and the actual counts. When this value is large, the quick release will trigger for a variety of release types from slow to fast releases. When this value is small, the quick release will only trigger for fast releases.





8.2 OTP Details: Bank 1

Filter halt threshold (bit 7)	The filter halt is a separate threshold that is intended to be more sensitive than the proximity threshold. While in no proximity detected state, the reference of the IQS231 will follow the actual signal to prevent environmental effects such a temperature drift. A filter halt feature is implemented to "freeze" the reference and allow slow proximity trigger approaches to still be effective without adapting. The time-out is $t_{\text{filter_halt}}$ when a filter halt does not result in a proximity event.
Proximity Threshold (low/high) (bit 6:4)	By default this is the only trigger threshold in the system (touch also threshold available). The threshold is adjustable in actual counts values (count values can be seen when streaming I2C value through the IQS231 GUI). The threshold is the amount of counts the actual signal falls below (projected disabled) rises above (projected enabled) the reference signal (long-term average) In the default configuration the input pin IO2 will be active. IO2 = VSS will enable the chosen option in the OTP (20-132 counts) IO2 = VDDHI (40-264 counts) The system will default to the IO2 = VSS option when sync input or movement output is enabled.
AC Filter (bit 3)	Incoming samples are filtered by default. This option gives the ability to significantly decrease the filter strength. Default is an IIR (infinite impulse response) filter of 2 (2³). This "increased" option enables an IIR filter of 8 (2³). The filter can be changed to 2¹ by setting this bit.
Hand-held power on detection (bit 2)	Standalone operation involves the detection of user interaction (movement) during power-on. When enabled, the slightest interaction detected during tpwrcheck will result in a safe output along with resetting the timer that times out at tpwrcheck. This allows for a safe period during power-up before starting with normal threshold based sensing. The "movement" parameters used for this feature will be as follows: • tpwrcheck = "Movement time-out" when UI is set to any proximity with movement selection • tpwrcheck = 5 seconds when UI is set to proximity with no movement enabled • Movement trigger threshold = Movement threshold register • Filtering = AC Filter bit
Touch threshold (bit 1:0)	Threshold in counts that defines the level below the proximity threshold that cancels a quick release event and disables any active movement detection.

8.3 OTP Details: Bank 2





Target (bit 6)	The target count is an offset value of the actual system capacitance. The actual signal (expressed in counts) will be calibrated as close as possible to this value.
	A larger target optimizes sensitivity at the cost of charge transfer time. A lower target offers more stability, but less sensitivity.
Base value (bit 5:4)	The base value is a lower target value for the actual signal and implies the system gain. A base value of 100 and target of 1000 implies a x10 gain, while base value of 200 and target of 1000 implies a x5 gain.
Failsafe	This bit is only has an effect when User interface is set to Standalone.
(bit 3)	Default is to always have 500us pulses on output, separated by the sampling period. A pulse will be on output every time a capacitive conversion is done. Conversion rate and debounce events may be debugged through this output.
	Scan time Crx1 (touch Crx1 & prox) (movement) Stabilize time Response (standalone)
	Figure 8.1 Conversion signal on Cx timing description
	Normal conversion rate Burst mode to debounce proximity event
	Cx The state of th
	IO1 No prox Prox detected
	Figure 8.2 Conversion diagram with failsafe output signal





OTP Details: Bank 2 (...continued)

Quick release

(bit 2)

The quick release feature can be disabled here. It is enabled by default.

The quick release feature offers improved user experience and does not influence trigger testing. The feature is mainly directed at SAR applications, but also has significant benefits for on-ear detection applications.

The touch depth and speed of release is used to detect the instance where the user interaction implies a release condition. This is required for cases where the normal threshold release is not triggered for any of the following reasons:

- Device placed on table while releasing the hand (the capacitive influence of the table remains)
- Place device inside a bag while releasing the hand (the capacitive influence of the bag remains)
- Fit a protective cover during use (the capacitive influence of the cover remains)
- Extreme temperature (cool down) shift causes a shift in capacitive environment
- Capacitance impulse recovery (drop test, transient bursts etc)

User interface (bit 1:0)

When movement Uis are enabled, the timeout is only active in the proximity region. When in touch, only quick release can get the IC out of a stuck condition. In such case no movement time-out for quick release is fixed at 2sec and no-movement time-out for proximity is as defined in OTPs

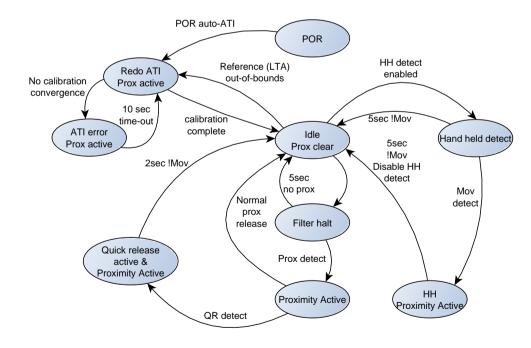


Figure 8.3 Proximity UI no movement





OTP Details: Bank 2 (...continued)



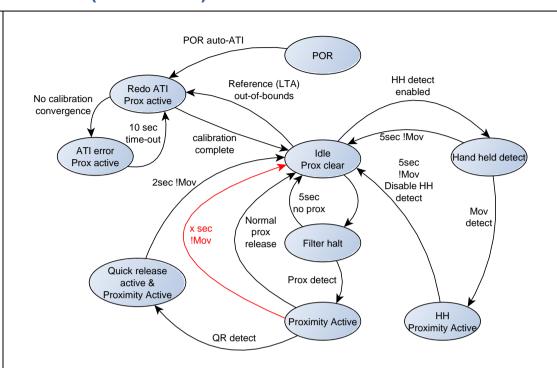


Figure 8.4 Proximity UI with movement

User interface (bit 1:0) (continued...)

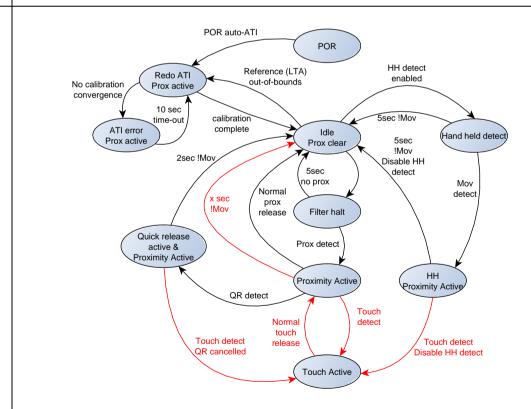


Figure 8.5 Proximity & touch UI (with movement enabled in proximity & movement disabled in touch)





8.4 OTP Details: Bank 3

When disabled (default) self-capacitance technology is used. When enabled, **Projected** projected capacitance technology is used. In this case Input (IO2) becomes sensing a transmit signal and the Cx pin (pin 6) becomes the receive pin. In this (bit 5) mode any other I/O function defined on IO2 will be cancelled automatically. 102 By default IO2 will be a sensitivity adjustment input. An internal pull-up (Rinternal) will by default select a less sensitive option (IO2 = VDDHI). By **function** strapping then pin directly to Vss. a more sensitive option is selected (IO2 = (bit 4:3) VSS). When the movement output is enabled, the input defaults to the "more sensitive option" as shown with IO2 = VSS With the output enabled the movement events are shown on IO2. The output is in an active low, open drain configuration. The output will remain low for tawake when movement is detected and this will occur during the sample time after the movement trigger occurs (the movement trigger is delayed with the sample rate) Sync input: The input (pin IO2) may be used to detect when to sense and when to halt the sensing. 6 Cx **MCU** IQS 5 VDDHI **GPIO** 231 SYNC PULSE SYNC PULSE 4 VREG Startup time SYNC PULSE SYNC PULSE Figure 8.6 Sync input of the IQS231 Standalone (default), or I2C IC mode The advantage of this option is explained in the Switch I²C to standalone (bit 2) section of the features summary.

Sample rate

(bit 1:0)

The various sample rates offered are mainly given for the user to determine an ideal balance between power consumption and response time. Overall

response times of the IQS231 are improved with SAR trigger testing in mind.





9 Full programming reference

A detailed list of the I^2C registers follows and follows the structure of the memory map summary on page 6.

ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description					
xxH	MAIN_EVENTS	7	n/a					
	_	6	DEBUG – Debug events are disabled by default. In order to report debug events, enable debug events in register 0x03 and read debug event in register 0x02 when this bit is set.					
		5	SENSING DISABLED – An indication of forced or implied times when no sensing signals are applied to the sense pin. When this bit is set and bit 2 is cleared, sensing is disabled. When this bit and bit 2 is set, sensing is enabled again.					
		4	WARM BOOT – A software reset command in register 0x04 will lead to a warm boot. This will imply a reset for the user interface, re-calibration, and hand-held power on detection will be forced if enabled.					
		3	COLD BOOT – A hard reset (power supply cycle) will cause all registers to return to a default value. This indicator will imply the need to re-initialize the device.					
		2	RELEASE – A touch, prox or sensing event may be paired with a release indication to show an exit of the flagged event.					
		1	TOUCH – Disabled by default, this bit will be active when a touch and prox user interface is chosen.					
		0	PROX - The main feedback bit to indicate an activation					
00H	PRODUCT_ NUMBER	n/a	The product number is fixed at 0x40					
01H	SOFTWARE_ VERSION	n/a	The only software version released is 0x04					
02H	DEBUG_	7	n/a					
	EVENTS		ATI_ERROR – when a recalibration cannot converge, due to external tampering or instability, this bit will indicate the error and implies that the calibration does not offer optimal sensitivity. The PROX event in the main events register will be set along with this bit in such case.					
		5	CH0_ATI – An indication that a recalibration of the proximity sensing channel has occurred. With calibration, the PROX output in main events will be set and after calibration, the PROX output will release.					
		4	n/a					
		3	QUICK RELEASE – The quick release feature is a single event that is indicated here. This event will always imply an "ENTER MOV DETECT", but is not the only event that causes movement detection to be activated.					
		2	2 EXIT MOV DETECT – The user interface dictates when the movement channel is deactivated. The deactivation of movement sensing will be reported in this bit.					
		1	ENTER MOV DETECT – Movement detection is user interface dependant and not continually active. Movement detection implies that a separate movement channel is activated. This activation will be reported in this bit.					





ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description					
		0	MOVEMENT – Each trigger detected by the movement					
			algorithm is reported as an event that resets along with each					
			read operation.					
03H	EVENTS_ENAB	n/a	ENABLE (set) or DISABLE (clear) events that are reported in					
	LED		the MAIN_EVENTS register. Each read operation is preceded					
			by the MAIN_EVENTS byte.					
			The bit order from the MAIN_EVENTS register can be used to					
			determine a required event mask					
04H	COMMANDS	7	ATI_CH0 – Recalibrate the proximity channel. Only after closing					
			the communications window, a recalibration of the proximity					
			sensing electrode will be started.					
		6	DISABLE SENSING – Sensing can be disabled to save power					
			or synchronize sensing in a more complex system and limit					
			certain signals from affecting the measurement.					
		5	ENABLE SENSING – Sensing can be enabled at strategic times					
			to limit interference in the sensitive measurement environment.					
			ENABLE / DISABLE sensing will be reflected in the					
			MAIN_EVENTS register. ENABLE sensing will result in a					
			"SENSING DISABLED" and "RELEASE" bit being set					
			simultaneously.					
		4	TOGGLE AC FILTER – The AC Filter as defined in OTP Bank					
			1 can be toggled through a command and read in register 0x05					
			(OTP Bank 1)					
		3	RESERVED					
		2	TOGGLE ULP MODE - An ultra low power mode is defined to					
			limit power consumption to a maximum with a 512ms sensing period. The IQS231 debounce will give a sub-550ms response					
			period. The IQS231 debounce will give a sub-550ms response					
			time.					
		1	RESERVED					
		0	WARM BOOT – A warm boot implies a user interface restart					
			while keeping all register changes made. Sending the command					
			will execute as soon as the communications window is closed.					
			The event will be flagged in the MAIN_EVENTS register.					
05H	OTP Bank 1	7	Filter halt threshold (see OTP bank definition)					
		6	Proximity Threshold (low/high) read only					
		5	For reading OTP setting only. Note that the actual proximity					
		4	threshold is defined in register 0x0B.					
		3	AC Filter (see OTP bank definition)					
		2	Hand-held power on detection (see OTP bank definition)					
		1	Touch threshold (read only)					
		0	For reading OTP setting only. Note that the actual touch					
657.	OTD D		threshold is defined in register 0x0A.					
06H	OTP Bank 2	7	Reserved					
		6	Target (see OTP bank definition)					
		5	Base value (see OTP bank definition)					
		4	E T (/ OTB) L (W)					
		3	Failsafe (see OTP bank definition)					
		2	Quick release (see OTP bank definition)					
		1	User interface (see OTP bank definition)					
	077	0						
07H	OTP Bank 3	7	RESERVED					





ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description
		6	RESERVED
		5	Projected sensing (see OTP bank definition)
		4	IO2 function (see OTP bank definition)
		3	
		2	IC mode – I ² C or standalone. This powerful feature enables the
			designer to configure the device in I ² C mode and thereafter
			reduce the I ² C overhead and related EMI by switching to
			standalone for runtime. The actual mode switch occurs as soon
			as the communications window is closed with a stop command.
			It is recommended to enable the failsafe heartbeat when going
			from I ² C mode to standalone. The absence of the heartbeat
			should be used to indicate an unexpected reset event, implying
			the need for I ² C reconfiguration.
		1	Sample rate (see OTP bank definition)
0011	OLUCK	7	The OTD entires for quiet release (see Oviet release three hald
08H	QUICK RELEASE		The OTP options for quick release (see Quick release threshold in OTP Bank (1) is extended in I ² C mode to enable a very
	NELEASE	6 5	in OTP Bank 0) is extended in I ² C mode to enable a very specific release characteristic.
		4	Quick release threshold look-up table:
		 4	0x0 = 150 counts
			0x1 = 100
			0x2 = 50
			0x3 = 250
			0x4 = 10
			0x5 = 20
			0x6 = 25
			0x7 = 30
			0x8 = 75
			0x9 = 200
			0xA = 300
			0xB = 400
			0xC = 245
			0xD = 230
			0xE = 335 0xF = 500
		3	Quick release beta – This beta value is an indication of the filter
		2	strength used to track the characteristic of the release signal.
		1	The faster the tracking, the less likely the release will be
		0	detected (only very quick events will be detected). The slower
			the tracking, the more likely the quick release occur (quick
			events and slow events will be detected as a quick release)
			Practical values for the beta range between:
			0 (fast events only) and
			4 (fast and slow events)
			The maximum of 0xF is impractical and high values are not
			recommended.
09H	MOVEMENT	7	MOVEMENT TIME-OUT – Depending on the user interface, a
		6	movement detection channel may be started along with specific
		5	events (proximity / quick release).
		4	The timer is set and cleared as mentioned in Movement time-
			out (OTP Bank 0).





ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description
	- togioto i idii i		No movement time-out value:
			0x0 = 0s
			0x1 = 0.5s
			0x2 = 1s
			0x3 = 2s
			0x4 = 4s
			0x5 = 5s
			0x6 = 10s
			0x7 = 20s
			0x8 = 30s
			0x9 = 1min
			0xA = 2min
			0xB = 5min
			0xC = 10min
			0xD = 30min
			0xE = 60min
			0xF = 90min
		3	MOVEMENT THRESHOLD.
		2	Movement threshold = (Value × 2) + 4
		1	Available range: 4 – 34
		0	For description see Movement threshold in OTP Bank 0.
			Note that the movement threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in
			this register at start up and the OTP setting becomes read only.
			All movement threshold adjustments are performed in this
			register.
0AH	TOUCH	n/a	Touch threshold = (Value × 4) + 4
	THRESHOLD		Available range: 4 – 1024
			For details on the touch threshold operation and uses see
			Touch threshold in OTP Bank 1.
			Note that the touch threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this
			register at start up and the OTP setting becomes read only. All
			touch threshold adjustments are performed in this register.
0BH	PROXIMITY	7	·
	THRESHOLD	6	
		5	Reserved
		4	
		3	
		2	Proximity threshold = (OTP value +1) x 4
		1	x2 if IO2 is high in standalone
		0	Available range: 20 – 132 (IO2 low)
			Available range: 40 – 264 (IO2 high)
			For details on the proximity threshold operation and uses see
			Proximity Threshold (low/high) in OTP Bank 1.
			Note that the proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this
			register at start up and the OTP setting becomes read only. All
			proximity threshold adjustments are performed in this register.
0CH	RESERVED	n/a	n/a
0DH	CH0 Multipliers	7	Reserved
		6	1.000.100
		5	CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3)
		3	CH0 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15)
	I	J	Or to Compensation multiplier (values, 0 - 13)





ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description
- ADDIX	register name	2	- Description
		1	
		0	
0EH	CH0	n/a	0.055
	Compensation		0 – 255
0FH	CH1 Multipliers	7	Reserved
		6	Neserved
		5	CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3)
		4	The content of the co
		3	
		2	CH1 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15)
		0	
10H	CH1	n/a	0 – 255
1011	Compensation	TI/A	0 - 200
11H	System flags	7	AC FILTER ACTIVE – Indicates if the function selected in
		7	register 0x05 is currently active.
		6	Reserved
		5	CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is
			activated and busy with movement detection
		4	Reserved
		3	OUGLEAUALTED LE COMPANIE DE LE COMPA
			CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has
		2	been detected according to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximity is not detected
			within $t_{\text{filter halt}}$
			ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the
		1	recalibration routine. Read the ATI in flags in register 0x13 for
			more information
			ZOOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel
		0	(proximity & touch threshold), a signal "debounce" is done
			rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit will be set.
12H	UI flags	7	Reserved
		6	
		5	ULP MODE – When ULP mode is entered by the command in
		4	register 0x04 bit 2, the power mode will be flagged here. Reserved
			Hand held power on – Indicates the hand held power on feature
		3	is active/inactive after power on or WARM BOOT.
		_	Quick release – Indicates when a quick release action has been
		2	detected
		1	Reserved
		0	Output active – Indicates an active proximity detection
13H	ATI flags	n/a	Reserved
14H	Event flags		CH1_ATI ERROR – This will indicate that the movement
		_	channel is not operating under optimal sensitivity and the
		7	calibration will automatically be redone in t _{redoATI} . The count-
			down time until next attempt can be read in register 0x25 and 0x26.
		6	
		5	Reserved
L	1		I.





ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description
		4	CH1 MOVEMENT
			CH0_ATI ERROR – Because of external interference, strong
			EMI or extreme capacitive load conditions the calibration will not
			be able to reach the target sensitivity (target count – as defined
		3	in register 0x06 bit 6). The proximity output will be set in such
			case in order to fail towards the safe side. The calibration will
			automatically be redone in t _{redoATI} . The count-down time until
			next attempt can be read in register 0x23 and 0x24.
		2	CH0 UNDEBOUNCED – An indication that a proximity event
			has been detected before a debounce operation has been done.
		1	CH0_ TOUCH – The touch event is flagged here for the
		'	duration of the touch
		0	CH0_PROX – The proximity event is flagged here for the
			duration of the proximity
15H	CH0 ACF_H	n/a	Proximity channel: Filtered count value
16H	CH0 ACF_L		0 – 2000
			This count value is related to an offset actual capacitive load.
			The offset is done though calibration and ensures system
			sensitivity.
17H	CH0 LTA_H	n/a	Proximity channel: Reference count value (Long term average)
18H	CH0 LTA_L		0 – 2000
19H	CH0 QRD_H	n/a	Proximity channel: Quick release detect reference value
1AH	CH0 QRD_L		0 – 2000
1BH	CH1 ACF_H	n/a	Movement channel: Filtered count value
1CH	CH1 ACF_L		0 – 2000
1DH	CH1 UMOV_H	n/a	Movement channel: Upper reference count value
1EH	CH1 UMOV_L		0 – 2000
1FH	CH1 LMOV_H	n/a	Movement channel: Lower reference count value
20H	CH1 LMOV_L		0 – 2000
21H	HALT_TIMER_	n/a	Countdown timer to give active feedback on the time-out.
	Н		Movement events will reset this timer
22H	HALT_TIMER_		(0 – 255) × 100ms Timer range: 0 – 90min
	L		
23H	TIMER.ATI_CH	n/a	Channel 0 countdown timer to give active feedback on the time
	0		until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error
			(0 – 255) × 100ms Timer range: 0 – 25s
24H	TIMER.ATI_CH	n/a	Channel 1 countdown timer to give active feedback on the time
	1		until re-calibration is attempted after ATI-error
			(0 – 255) × 100ms Timer range: 0 – 25s





10 Specifications

10.1 Absolute maximum ratings

The following absolute maximum parameters are specified for the device:

Exceeding these maximum specifications may cause damage to the device.

Operating temperature -40°C to 85°C

Supply Voltage (VDDHI – VSS)
 3.6V

Maximum pin voltage
 VDDHI + 0.5V (may not)

exceed VDDHI max)

Maximum continuous current (for specific Pins)
 10mA

Minimum pin voltage
 VSS – 0.5V

Minimum power-on slope 100V/s

ESD protection ±8kV (Human body model)

Package Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)





Table 10.1 IQS231 General Operating Conditions

DESCRIPTION	Conditions	PARAME TER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage		V_{DDHI}	1.75	n/a	3.6	V
Internal regulator output	$1.75 \leq V_{DDHI} \leq 3.6$	V_{REG}	1.62	1.65	1.72	V
Default Operating Current	3.3V, Scan time = 30ms	I _{IQS231LP30}		33		μΑ
Full Power Setting	3.3V, Scan time =9ms	I _{IQS231FP}		80		μА
Halt charge				1		uA

Table 10.2 Start-up and shut-down slope Characteristics

DESCRIPTION	Conditions	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Power On Reset	V _{DDHI} Slope ≥ 100V/s @25°C	POR	1.2	1.6	V
Brown Out Detect	V _{DDHI} Slope ≥ 100V/s @25°C	BOD	1.15	1.6	V

Table 10.3 Various IQS231 characteristics

DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{comms_timeout}$	-	20	-	ms
t _{CLK_stretch}		5		ms
t _{filter_halt}		5		S
t _{pwrcheck}		5		S
t _{redoATI}		10		S
t _{awake}		9		ms
R _{internal}		20		kΩ
f _{sampling}		500		kHz





Table 10.4 Digital input trigger levels

DESCRIPTION	Conditions	PARAMETER	MIN	TYPICAL	MAX	UNIT
All digital inputs	VDDHI = 3.3V	Input low level voltage	1.19	1.3	1.3	V
All digital inputs	VDDHI = 1.8V	Input low level voltage	0.54	0.6	0.76	V
All digital inputs	VDDHI = 1.8V	Input high level voltage	0.9	1.0	1.2	V
All digital inputs	VDDHI = 3.3V	Input high level voltage	1.90	2.1	2.20	V

Table 10.5 Digital output levels

DESCRIPTION	Conditions	PARAMETER	@1mA*	@10mA*	UNIT
Output voltage low	VDDHI = 3.3V	V _{OL}	0.01	0.1	V
Output voltage high	VDDHI = 3.3V	V _{OH}	n/a**	n/a**	V

^{*} Current sinked into output pin

^{**} Only open drain output offered. Pull-up resistor to VDDHI recommended





11 Package information

11.1 TSOT23-6

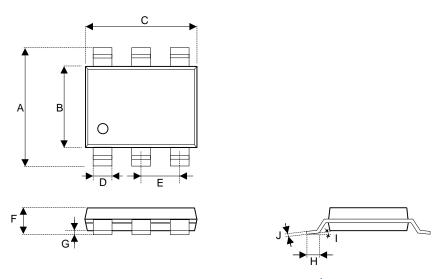


Figure 11.1 TSOT23-6 Packagingⁱ

Table 11.1 TSOT23-6 Dimensions

Dimension	Min (mm)	Max (mm)	
Α	2.60	3.00	
В	1.50	1.70	
С	2.80	3.00	
D	0.30	0.50	
E	0.95 Basic		
F	0.84	1.00	
G	0.00	0.10	
Н	0.30	0.50	
1	0°	8°	
J	0.03	0.20	

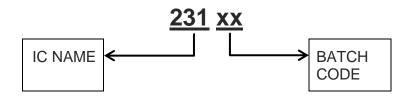
ⁱ Drawing not on Scale





11.2 Device packaging convention

11.2.1 Top



IC name	231
Batch	XX

11.2.2 Bottom

No bottom marking present

11.3 MSL Level

Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) relates to the packaging and handling precautions for some semiconductors. The MSL is an electronic standard for the time period in which a moisture sensitive device can be exposed to ambient room conditions (approximately 30°C/85%RH see J-STD033C for more info) before reflow occur.

Package	Level (duration)
TSOT23-6	MSL 1 (Unlimited at ≤30 °C/85% RH)
	Reflow profile peak temperature < 260 °C for < 30 seconds





12 Ordering and Part-number Information

12.1 Ordering Information

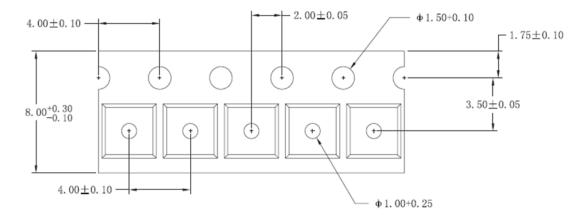
Please check stock availability with your local distributor.

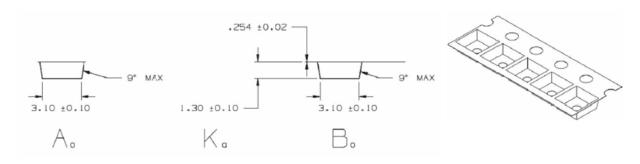
CONFIGURATION	ZZZZZZZZ	=	IC configuration (hexadecimal)	
			Default 00000000 (other configurations	
			available on request)	
PACKAGE TYPE	TS	=	TSOT23-6 package	
BULK PACKAGING	R	=	Reel (3000pcs/reel) – MOQ = 3000pcs	
			MOQ = 1 reel (orders shipped as full reels)	

Example ordering code for default device: IQS231 00000000 TS R

12.2 Device Numbering Convention

REVISION	Х	=	IC Revision Number
TEMPERATURE RANGE	t	=	-40°C to 85°C (Industrial)
DATE CODE	Р	=	Internal use
	WW'	YY=	Batch number





1. Material is PC: 2. Material : 3000.

Figure 12.1 TSOT23-6 Tape Specification





13 Revision History

Revision Number	Description	Date of issue
v1.0	IC release version	12 August 2015
v1.1	Figure 1.2 updated – load capacitor moved AC filter is increased by default Large quick release thresholds adapted Known issues and workarounds: Proximity threshold Low frequency sensing mode omission	9 October 2015
V1.2	Typing error on proximity threshold OTP in bank1 should be 110 – 195 not 136	
V1.3	Device package marking detail added	13 November 2015
V1.4	Output voltage levels added	8 March 2016
V1.5	Example schematic updated with C1 capacitor guide added Low power references removed	4 May 2016





Appendix A Contact Information

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Please visit www.azoteg.com for a list of distributors and worldwide representation.

The following patents relate to the device or usage of the device: US 6,249,089 B1; US 6,621,225 B2; US 6,650,066 B2; US 6,952,084 B2; US 6,984,900 B1; US 7,084,526 B2; US 7,084,531 B2; US 7,265,494 B2; US 7,291,940 B2; US 7,329,970 B2; US 7,336,037 B2; US 7,443,101 B2; US 7,466,040 B2; US 7,498,749 B2; US 7,528,508 B2; US 7,755,219 B2; US 7,772,781 B2; US 7,781,980 B2; US 7,915,765 B2; US 7,994,726 B2; US 8,035,623 B2; US RE43,606 E; US 8,288,952 B2; US 8,395,395 B2; US 8,531,120 B2; US 8,659,306 B2; US 8,823,273 B2; EP 1 120 018 B2; EP 1 206 168 B1; EP 1 308 913 B1; EP 1 530 178 A1; EP 2 351 220 B1; EP 2 559 164 B1; CN 1330853; CN 1783573; AUS 761094; HK 104 1401

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