■General description

ELM915BA is constant current LED driver with fixed off time, which consists of internal switching that can drive 1A peak current and capable of driving single or multiple LEDs in series connection efficiently. ELM915BA consists of switch NMOS transistor (Max.1A current) can operate from 6V to 50V. The low-side current detection circuit which is able to set the average current of output by output NMOS switch and external resistors is also included in ELM915BA. ELM915BA can be used as buck type and buck-boost type as well.

Through input of external control signal to LD/PWM pin, ELM915BA is capable of adjusting the value of output current. The LD/PWM is able to control the continuous output current which is from DC level input and the digital one which is from PWM input. The LD/PWM is also equipped with soft start function to prevent inrush current.

The SOT-26 small package makes ELM915BA suitable for LED MR-16 bulb applications.

■Features

- Linear or PWM dimming
- Soft-start function
- Cycle by cycle current limit
- · Constant off time control
- Off time period programmable

Thermal shutdown protection
 Over voltage protection
 53V±5%
 Internal NMOS switch
 High efficiency
 Wide input voltage range
 Package
 155±30°C
 54V, 1A
 Max.90%
 6V to 50V
 SOT-26

■Application

- MR16 and general lighting
- Automotive lighting
- Low voltage Industrial lighting
- Battery charging
- LED back lighting
- Illuminated signs

■Maximum absolute ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Limit | Unit |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| Power supply voltage | Vdd | 50 | V |
| SW output peak current | Isw | 1 | A |
| I/O pin voltage | Vio | GND-0.3 to Vdd+0.3 | V |
| Power dissipation | Pd | 450 | mW |
| Operating ambient temperature | Тор | -40 to +125 | °C |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | -55 to +150 | °C |

Caution: Permanent damage to the device may occur when ratings above maximum absolute ones are used.

■Selection guide

ELM915BA-S

| Symbol | | |
|--------|------------------|----------------------|
| a | Package | B: SOT-26 |
| b | Product version | A |
| С | Taping direction | S: Refer to PKG file |

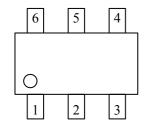
^{*} Taping direction is one way.



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■Pin configuration

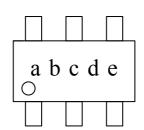
SOT-26(TOP VIEW)



| Pin No. | Pin name | Pin description | | |
|---------|----------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | CS | Current sense | | |
| 2 | GND | Ground | | |
| 3 | RT | Constant off time setting | | |
| 4 | LD/PWM | Linear dim/PWM dim | | |
| 5 | VDD | Power input | | |
| 6 | SW | Internal switch drain | | |

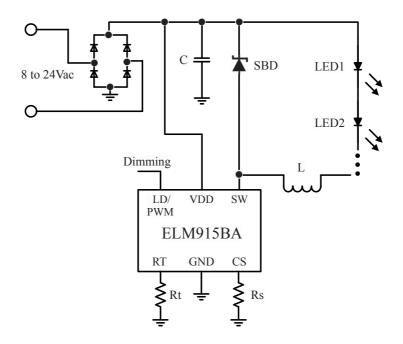
■Marking

SOT-26



a to e : Assembly lot No. ——
A to Z (I, O, X excepted) and 0 to 9

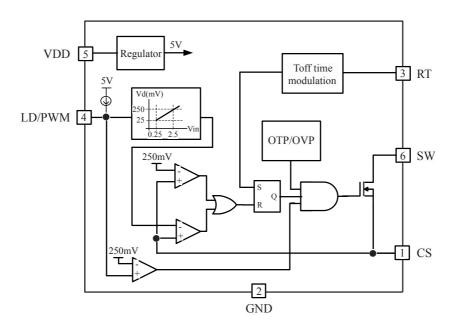
■Standard circuit





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■Block diagram



■Electrical characteristics

Vin=6V Top=25°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|---|---------|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Input DC supply voltage range | Vdd | DC supply voltage | 6 | | 50 | V |
| Shut-down mode supply current | Iin_sd | LD/PWM to GND, Vin=6V | | 600 | | μΑ |
| VDD under voltage lockout threshold | UVLO | Vdd rising | | 5.4 | | V |
| UVLO hysteresis | ΔUVLO | Vdd falling | | 300 | | mV |
| LD/PWM low disable voltage | Vsd | LD/PWM voltage falling | 180 | | | mV |
| LD/PWM linear dimming voltage range | Vld | | 0.25 | | 2.50 | V |
| Current sense pull-in threshold voltage | Vcs-th | Vin=6V, Top=25°C | 238 | 250 | 262 | mV |
| Constant off time($100k\Omega$) | Toff | Rt=100kΩ, Vin=6V, Vcs=0.4V | | 1.22 | | μs |
| Constant off time(500k Ω) | Toff | Rt=500kΩ, Vin=6V, Vcs=0.4V | | 4.92 | | μs |
| SW switch resistance | Rsw(on) | Vin=6V, Vcs=0V | | 0.5 | | Ω |
| Current sense blanking time | Tblank | Vld/pwm=Vdd, Vcs=0.4V | | 300 | | ns |
| Voltage overvoltage protection | OVP | | 50 | 53 | 56 | V |
| Overheat protection temperature | OTP | | 125 | 155 | 185 | °C |



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■Application notes

1) Setting peak current with external resistor Rs

ELM915BA uses open loop peak current mode driver with internal power switch; peak current is determined by the value of Rs which is connected between CS and GND.

$$Ipk = 0.25/Rs(A)$$

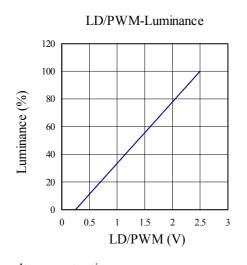
2) Setting constant off time period Toff

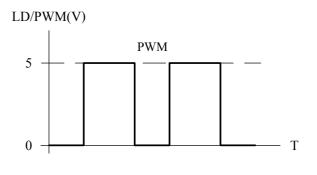
RT is used to set the fixed off time of internal NMOS switch. The fixed off time is determined by the value of the resistor which is connected to RT and GND. The connection between Rt and ToffIt is shown as following chart. When RT is set to be $100k\Omega$, Toff becomes $1.22\mu s$.

1000 100 10 Toff (µS)

3) Dimming function

ELM915BA provides two types of dimming function: linear dimming and PWM one. Linear dimming activates when DC voltage added to LD/PWM is within the range from 0.25V to 2.5V; the luminance would be 0% under 0.25V, and 100% under 2.5V. For PWM dimming function, ELM915BA is able to adjust the luminance by digital signal when voltage of LD/PWM is under 0.25V.





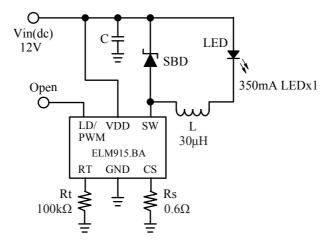
4) Over voltage protection

When VDD is above OVP. OVP function start to stop internal NMOS operation. OVP function is released when VDD is down below UVLO voltage.



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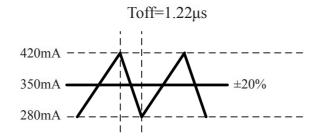
5) Buck topology application



The above diagram shows buck topology circuit.

a)
$$Vin = 12Vdc$$
. b) $Vled = 3.5V$

LED average forward current is 350mA and ripple current range is $20\%(280\text{mA}\sim420\text{mA})$. If constant off time is $1.22\mu\text{s}$, then Rt is required to be $100\text{k}\Omega$.



$$D = Vled / Vin = 3.5 / 12 = 0.292,$$

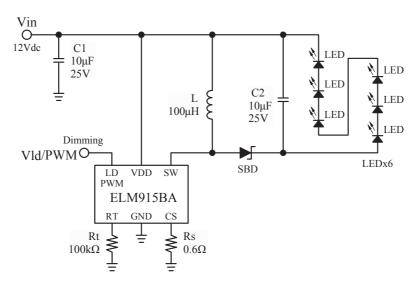
$$\Delta I = 140 \text{mA} = \text{Vled} / \text{L} \times \text{Toff} = 3.5 / \text{L} \times 1.22 \mu$$

$$Rs=~0.25~/~Imax.=0.25~/~420mA=0.595~\Omega$$

$$L = 3.5 \times 1.22 \mu / 0.14 = 30.5 \mu H$$

The duty would be changed by Vin voltage.

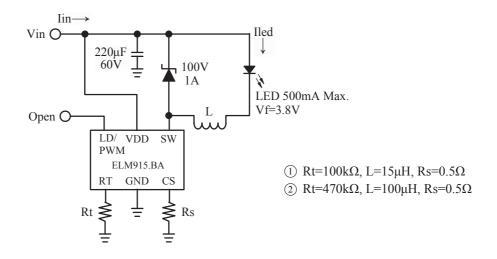
6) Buck-boost topology application

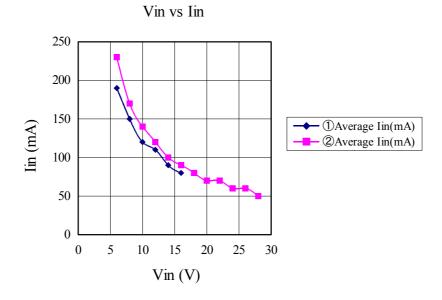


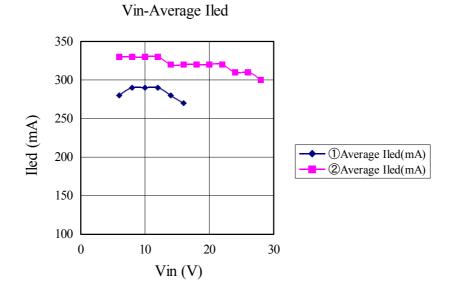


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■1 LED buck topology application characteristics









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