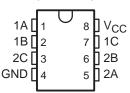
- Available in the Texas Instruments
 NanoStar[™] and NanoFree[™] Packages
- Operates at 0.8 V to 2.7 V
- Sub 1-V Operable
- Max t_{pd} of 0.5 ns at 1.8 V
- Low Power Consumption, 10 μA at 2.7 V
- High On-Off Output Voltage Ratio
- High Degree of Linearity
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

DCT OR DCU PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



YEP OR YZP PACKAGE (BOTTOM VIEW)

GND	04	50	2A
2C	○3	60	2B
1B	○2	70	1C
1A	01	80	Vcc

description/ordering information

This dual analog switch is operational at 0.8-V to 2.7-V V_{CC} , but is designed specifically for 1.1-V to 2.7-V V_{CC} operation.

The SN74AUC2G66 can handle both analog and digital signals. It permits signals with amplitudes of up to 2.7-V (peak) to be transmitted in either direction.

NanoStar™ and NanoFree™ package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

Applications include signal gating, chopping, modulation or demodulation (modem), and signal multiplexing for analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog conversion systems.

ORDERING INFORMATION

TA	PACKAGE [†]	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING‡	
	NanoStar™ – WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23-mm Large Bump – YEP	Tape and reel	SN74AUC2G66YEPR	110
-40°C to 85°C	NanoFree™ – WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23-mm Large Bump – YZP (Pb-free)	Tape and reel	SN74AUC2G66YZPR	U6_
	SSOP - DCT	Tape and reel	SN74AUC2G66DCTR	U66
	VSSOP - DCU	Tape and reel	SN74AUC2G66DCUR	U66_

[†] Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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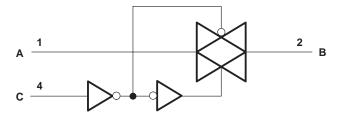
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

[‡] DCT: The actual top-side marking has three additional characters that designate the year, month, and assembly/test site. DCU: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site. YEP/YZP: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the assembly/test site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition (1 = SnPb, • = Pb-free).

FUNCTION TABLE

CONTROL INPUT (C)	SWITCH
L	OFF
Н	ON

logic diagram (positive logic)



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	-0.5 V to 3.6 V
Input voltage range, V _I (see Notes 1 and 2)	
Switch I/O voltage range, $V_{I/O}$ (see Notes 1 and 2)	
Control input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$)	
I/O port diode current, I_{IOK} ($V_{I/O}$ < 0 or $V_{I/O}$ > V_{CC})	
On-state switch current, I_T ($V_{I/O} = 0$ to V_{CC})	
Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND	
Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 3): DCT package	
DCU package	
YEP/YZP package	
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to ground unless otherwise specified.
 - 2. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
 - 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



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recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage		0.8	2.7	V
		V _{CC} = 0.8 V	Vcc		
ViH	High-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V _C C		V
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7		
		V _{CC} = 0.8 V		0	
٧ _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.95 V		$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	
V _{I/O}	I/O port voltage		0	VCC	V
٧ı	Control input voltage		0	3.6	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 1.65 \text{ V}^{\dagger}$		20	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 2.3 \text{ V}^{\ddagger}$		20	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}^{\ddagger}$		20	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\dagger}}$ The data was taken at CL = 15 pF, RL = 2 k Ω (see Figure 1).

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	VCC	MIN TYP§	MAX	UNIT
		V _I = V _{CC} or GND,	1- 4 m A	1.1 V	17	40	
ron	On-state switch resistance	AC = AIH	$I_S = 4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	7	20	Ω
		(see Figures 1 and 2)	$I_S = 8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	4	15	
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ to GND,	In 1 m 1	1.1 V	131	180	
ron(p)	Peak on resistance	VC = VIH	I _S = 4 mA	1.65 V	32	80	Ω
,		(see Figures 1 and 2)	$I_S = 8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	15	20	
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ to GND,	1 4 4	1.1 V		3	
Δr_{on}	Difference of on-state resistance between switches	VC = VIH	$I_S = 4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V		1	Ω
	between switches	(see Figures 1 and 2)	I _S = 8 mA	2.3 V		1	
	0"	$V_I = V_{CC}$ and $V_O = GI$		0.71/		±1	
IS(off)	Off-state switch leakage current	$V_I = GND$ and $V_O = V_O$ $V_C = V_{IL}$ (see Figure 3		2.7 V		±0.1†	μА
	On state switch lands as assument	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, V_C	= V _{IH} , V _O = Open	0.7.1/		±1	A
IS(on)	On-state switch leakage current	(see Figure 4)		2.7 V		±0.1 [†]	μΑ
II	Control input current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		0 to 2.7 V		±5	μΑ
ICC	Supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	IO = 0	0.8 V to 2.7 V		10	μΑ
C _{ic}	Control input capacitance			2.5 V	2.5		pF
C _{io(off)}	Switch input/output capacitance			2.5 V	3		pF
C _{io(on)}	Switch input/output capacitance			2.5 V	7		pF

 $[\]S T_A = 25^{\circ}C$



[‡] The data was taken at $C_L = 30$ pF, $R_L = 500 \Omega$ (see Figure 1).

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

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switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C_L = 15 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CC} = 0.8 V	V _{CC} =		V _{CC} =	: 1.5 V 1 V	_	C = 1.8		V _{CC} = ± 0.		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
_{tpd} †	A or B	B or A	1		0.6		0.5			0.5		0.4	ns
t _{en}	С	A or B	5	0.5	3	0.5	2.1	0.5	0.9	1.6	0.5	1.4	ns
^t dis	С	A or B	5.3	0.5	4	0.5	3	0.5	2.6	3.3	0.5	2.7	ns

[†] The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical on-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C_L = 30 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)		C = 1.8 0.15 V	V	V _{CC} =		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(001701)	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{pd} †	A or B	B or A			0.7		0.7	ns
t _{en}	С	A or B	0.5	1.6	2.7	0.5	2.3	ns
^t dis	С	A or B	0.5	2.7	3.4	0.5	2	ns

[†] The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical on-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

analog switch characteristics, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	vcc	TYP	UNIT
				0.8 V	101	
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 600 \Omega,$	1.1 V	150	
			f _{in} = sine wave	1.4 V	175	
			(see Figure 6)	1.65 V	250	
Frequency response‡				2.3 V	400	1
(switch ON)	A or B	B or A		0.8 V	450	MHz
			$C_L = 5 \text{ pF}, R_L = 50 \Omega,$	1.1 V	>500	
			f _{in} = sine wave	1.4 V	>500	
			(see Figure 6)	1.65 V	>500	
				2.3 V	>500	
				0.8 V	-60	
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 600 \Omega,$	1.1 V	-60	
			$f_{in} = 1 \text{ MHz (sine wave)}$	1.4 V	-60	
			(see Figure 7)	1.65 V	-60	
Crosstalk§				2.3 V	-60	1
(between switches)	A or B	B or A		0.8 V	-65	dB
			$C_L = 5 \text{ pF}, R_L = 50 \Omega,$	1.1 V	-65	1
		$f_{in} = 1 \text{ MHz (sine wave)}$	1.4 V	-65	1	
			(see Figure 7)	1.65 V	-65	1
				2.3 V	-65	1

[‡] Adjust f_{in} voltage to obtain 0 dBm at output. Increase f_{in} frequency until dB meter reads –3 dB.

[§] Adjust fin voltage to obtain 0 dBm at input.



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analog switch characteristics, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (continued)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	vcc	TYP	UNIT
				0.8 V	9	
		A or B	$C_{ } = 50 \text{ pF, } R_{ } = 600 \Omega,$	1.1 V	14	
Crosstalk (control input to signal output)	С		f _{in} = 1 MHz (square wave)	1.4 V	15	mV
(control input to signal output)			(see Figure 8)	1.65 V	16	
				2.3 V	20	
				0.8 V	-50	
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 600 \Omega,$	1.1 V	-50	
			fin = 1 MHz (sine wave)	1.4 V	-50	
			(see Figure 9)	1.65 V	-50	dB
Feed-through attenuation‡	A or B	f _{in} = 1 Mi		2.3 V	-50	
(switch OFF)	A 01 B		C_L = 5 pF, R_L = 50 Ω , f_{in} = 1 MHz (sine wave) (see Figure 9)	0.8 V	-60	
				1.1 V	-60	
				1.4 V	-60	
				1.65 V	-60	
				2.3 V	-60	
				0.8 V	7	
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$	1.1 V	0.25 6	
	A or B	B or A	f _{in} = 1 kHz (sine wave) (see Figure 10)	1.4 V	0.04	1 1
			(See Figure 10)	1.65 V	0.03	
Sine-wave distortion				2.3 V	0.01	%
				0.8 V	3.7	
			$C_{1} = 50 \text{ pF}, R_{1} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$	1.1 V	0.4	
	A or B	B or A	f _{in} = 10 kHz (sine wave) (see Figure 10)	1.4 V	0.04	
				1.65 V	0.02	
				2.3 V	0.02	

[‡] Adjust fin voltage to obtain 0 dBm at input.

operating characteristics, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST	$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	V _{CC} = 1.2 V	V _{CC} = 1.5 V	V _{CC} = 1.8 V	V _{CC} = 2.5 V	UNIT
	TANAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	ONIT
C	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	pF

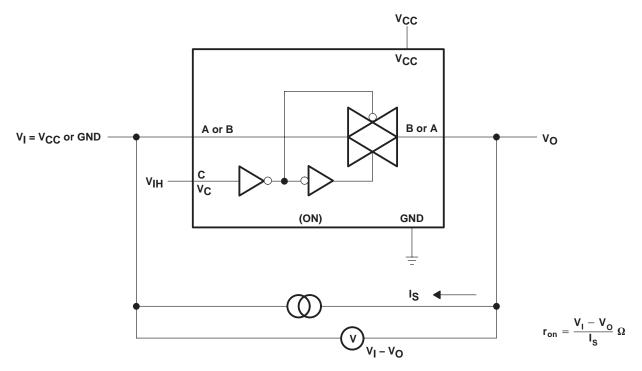


Figure 1. On-State Resistance Test Circuit

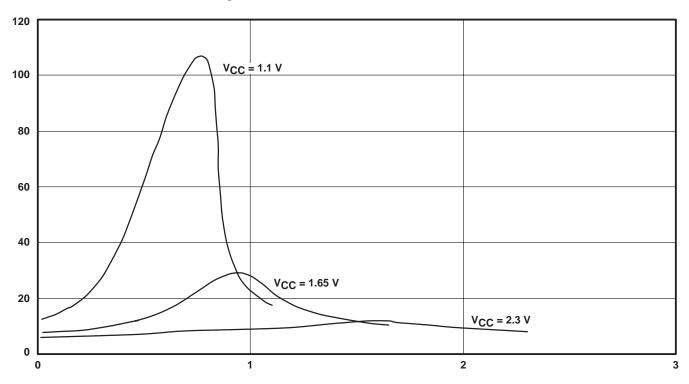


Figure 2. Typical r_{on} as a Function of Voltage (V_I) for $V_{I} = 0$ to V_{CC}

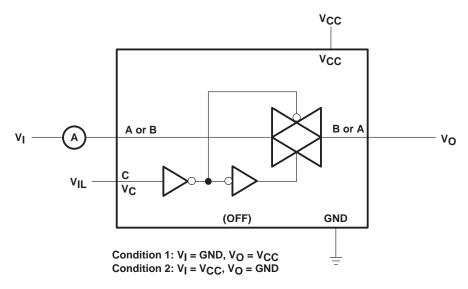


Figure 3. Off-State Switch Leakage-Current Test Circuit

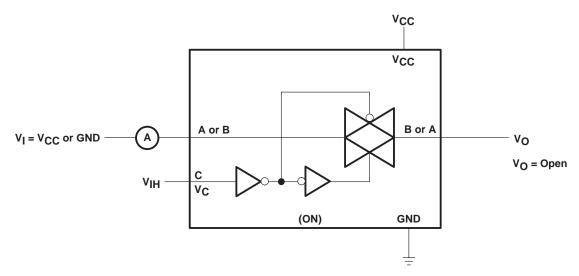
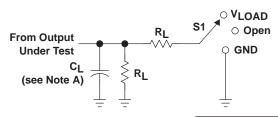


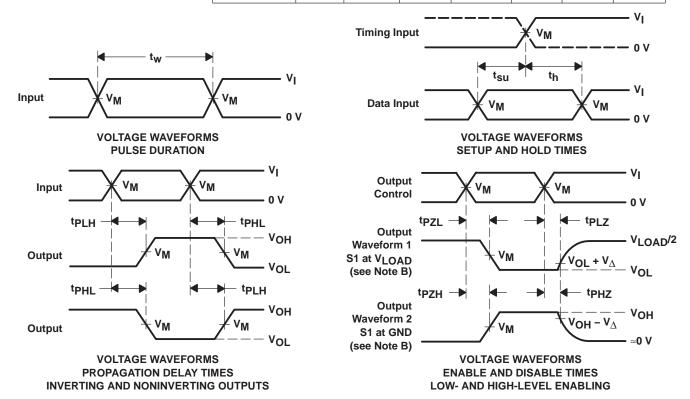
Figure 4. On-State Leakage-Current Test Circuit



TEST	S1
tPLH/tPHL	Open
tPLZ/tPZL	VLOAD
^t PHZ ^{/t} PZH	GND

LOAD CIRCUIT

.,	INPUTS		.,	,	•		.,
VCC	٧ _I	t _r /t _f	νM	VLOAD	CL	RL	V_Δ
0.8 V	VCC	≤ 2 ns	V _{CC} /2	2×V _{CC}	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.1 V
1.2 V \pm 0.1 V	VCC	≤ 2 ns	V _{CC} /2	2×VCC	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.1 V
1.5 V \pm 0.1 V	VCC	≤2 ns	V _{CC} /2	2×VCC	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.1 V
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	VCC	≤2 ns	V _{CC} /2	2×VCC	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V \pm 0.2 V	VCC	≤2 ns	V _{CC} /2	2×V _{CC}	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.15 V
1.8 V \pm 0.15 V	VCC	≤2 ns	V _{CC} /2	2×V _{CC}	30 pF	1 k Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V \pm 0.2 V	VCC	≤ 2 ns	V _{CC} /2	2×V _{CC}	30 pF	500 Ω	0.15 V



NOTES: A. C_I includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$, slew rate \geq 1 V/ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLz and tpHz are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 5. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



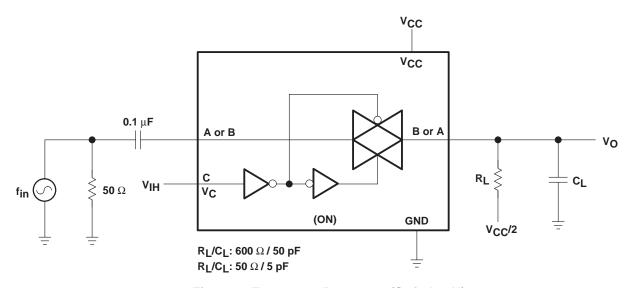


Figure 6. Frequency Response (Switch ON)

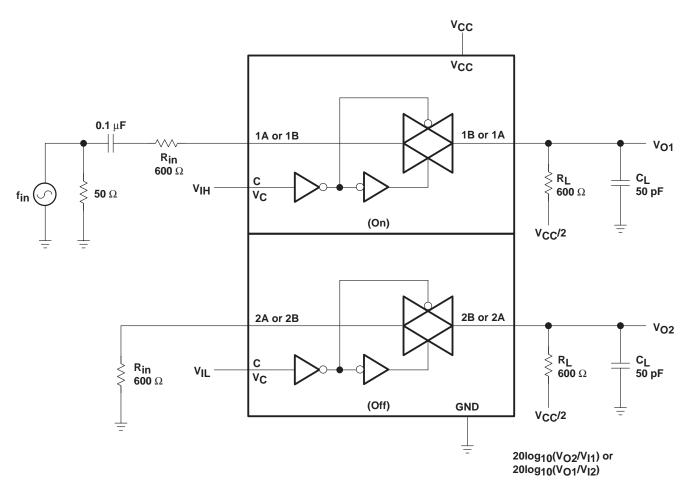


Figure 7. Crosstalk (Between Switches)



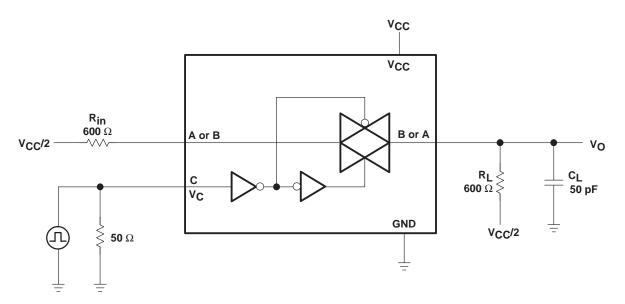


Figure 8. Crosstalk (Control Input – Switch Output)

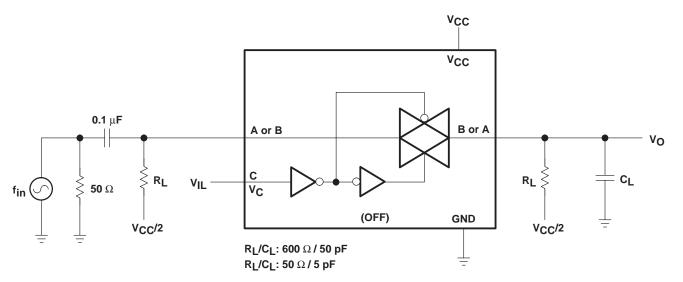


Figure 9. Feed Through, Switch Off

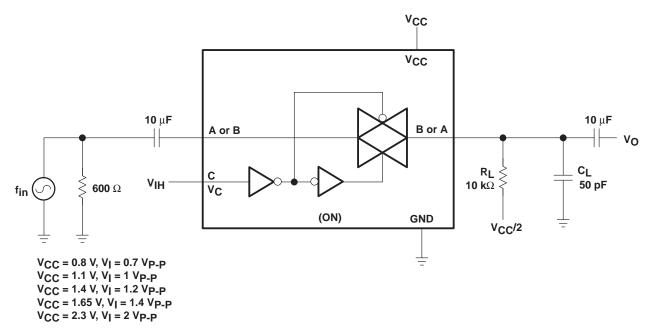


Figure 10. Sine-Wave Distortion

DCT (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

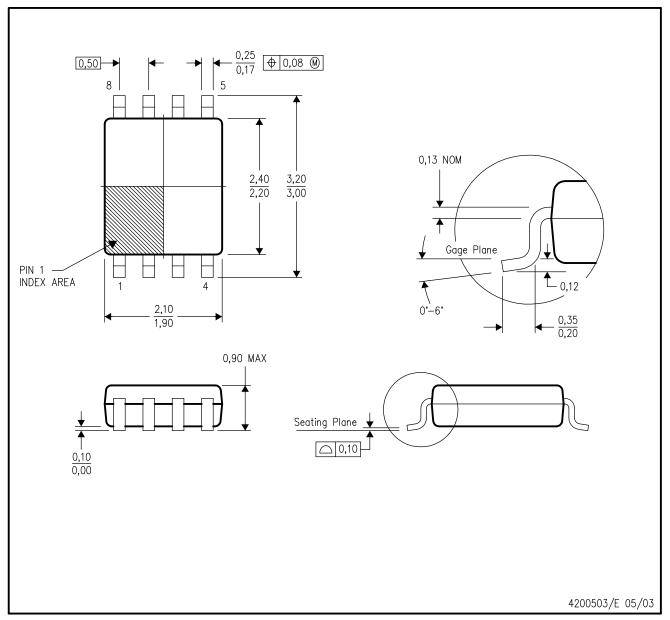


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation DA.

DCU (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



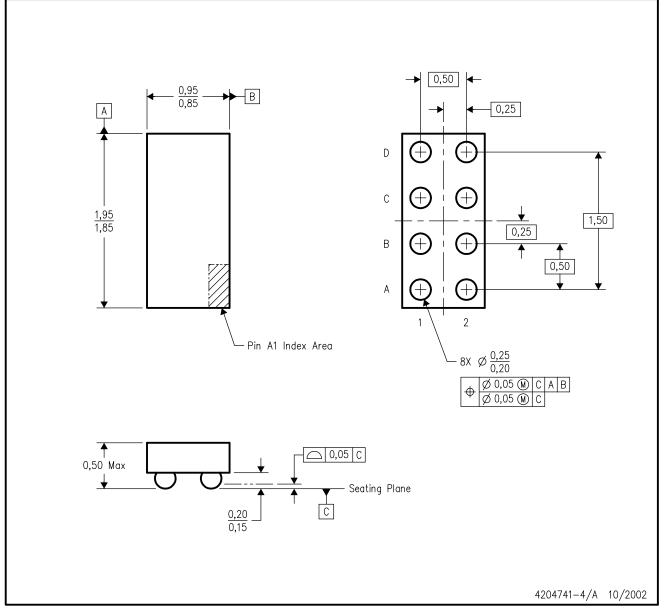
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation CA.



YZP (R-XBGA-N8)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

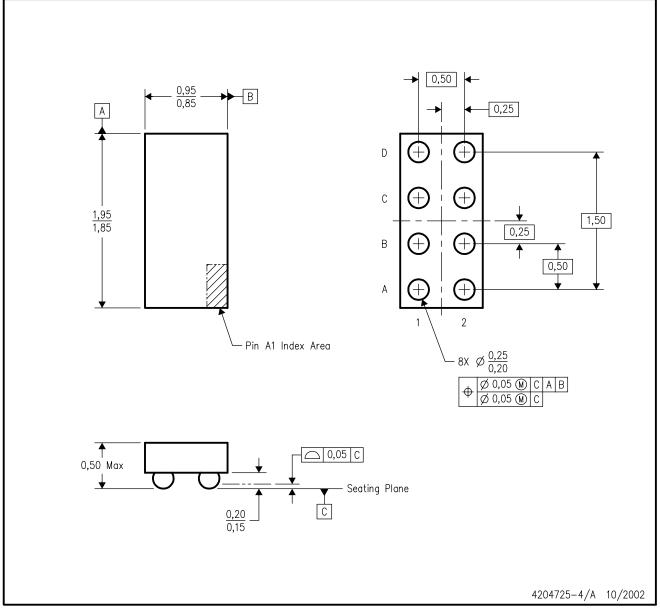
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoFree $^{\text{TM}}$ package configuration.
- D. This package is lead-free. Refer to the 8 YEP package (drawing 4204725) for tin-lead (SnPb).

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



YEP (R-XBGA-N8)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoStar \mathbf{M} package configuration.
- D. This package is tin-lead (SnPb). Refer to the 8 YZP package (drawing 4204741) for lead-free.

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