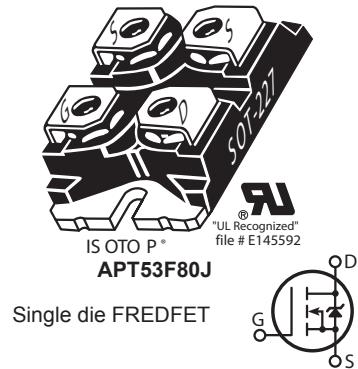


N-Channel FREDFET

Power MOS 8™ is a high speed, high voltage N-channel switch-mode power MOSFET. This 'FREDFET' version has a drain-source (body) diode that has been optimized for high reliability in ZVS phase shifted bridge and other circuits through reduced t_{rr} , soft recovery, and high recovery dv/dt capability. Low gate charge, high gain, and a greatly reduced ratio of C_{rss}/C_{iss} result in excellent noise immunity and low switching loss. The intrinsic gate resistance and capacitance of the poly-silicon gate structure help control di/dt during switching, resulting in low EMI and reliable paralleling, even when switching at very high frequency.



FEATURES

- Fast switching with low EMI
- Low t_{rr} for high reliability
- Ultra low C_{rss} for improved noise immunity
- Low gate charge
- Avalanche energy rated
- RoHS compliant 

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- ZVS phase shifted and other full bridge
- Half bridge
- PFC and other boost converter
- Buck converter
- Single and two switch forward
- Flyback

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
I_D	Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	57	A
	Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	36	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ^①	325	
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 30	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ^②	3725	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Non-Repetitive	43	A

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
P_D	Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			960	W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case Thermal Resistance			0.13	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case to Sink Thermal Resistance, Flat, Greased Surface		0.15		
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{Isolation}$	RMS Voltage (50-60Hz Sinusoidal Waveform from Terminals to Mounting Base for 1 Min.)	2500			V
W_T	Package Weight		1.03		oz
			29.2		g
Torque	Terminals and Mounting Screws.			10	$\text{in}\cdot\text{lbf}$
				1.1	N·m

Static Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

APT53F80J

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{BR(DSS)}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	800			V
$\Delta V_{BR(DSS)}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$		0.87		$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On Resistance ^③	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $I_D = 43\text{A}$		0.07	0.11	Ω
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 5\text{mA}$	2.5	4	5	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient			-10		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 800\text{V}$			250	μA
		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$			1000	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 30\text{V}$			± 100	nA

Dynamic Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 50\text{V}$, $I_D = 43\text{A}$		80		S
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$		17550		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			300		
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			1745		
$C_{o(cr)}^{\text{④}}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Charge Related	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to 533V		825		pF
$C_{o(er)}^{\text{⑤}}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related			410		
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0$ to 10V , $I_D = 43\text{A}$, $V_{DS} = 400\text{V}$		570		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge			95		
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge			290		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	Resistive Switching $V_{DD} = 533\text{V}$, $I_D = 43\text{A}$ $R_G = 2.2\Omega^{\text{⑥}}$, $V_{GG} = 15\text{V}$		100		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			145		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			435		
t_f	Current Fall Time			125		

Source-Drain Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
I_s	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode (body diode)			57	A	
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ^①				325		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_{SD} = 43\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$			1.0	V	
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 43\text{A}^{\text{③}}$ $di_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_{DD} = 100\text{V}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		405	ns	
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		800		
	Reverse Recovery Charge		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.95	μC	
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		8.86		
	Reverse Recovery Current		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		14	A	
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		21		
dv/dt	Peak Recovery dv/dt	$I_{SD} \leq 43\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} = 400\text{V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			20	V/ns	

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width and case temperature limited by maximum junction temperature.

② Starting at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 4.03\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 43\text{A}$.

③ Pulse test: Pulse Width < 380μs, duty cycle < 2%.

④ $C_{o(cr)}$ is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored charge as C_{oss} with $V_{DS} = 67\%$ of $V_{(BR)DSS}$.

⑤ $C_{o(er)}$ is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored energy as C_{oss} with $V_{DS} = 67\%$ of $V_{(BR)DSS}$. To calculate $C_{o(er)}$ for any value of V_{DS} less than $V_{(BR)DSS}$, use this equation: $C_{o(er)} = 5.57E-8/V_{DS}^{1.2} + 7.15E-8/V_{DS} + 2.75E-10$.

⑥ R_G is external gate resistance, not including internal gate resistance or gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)

Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

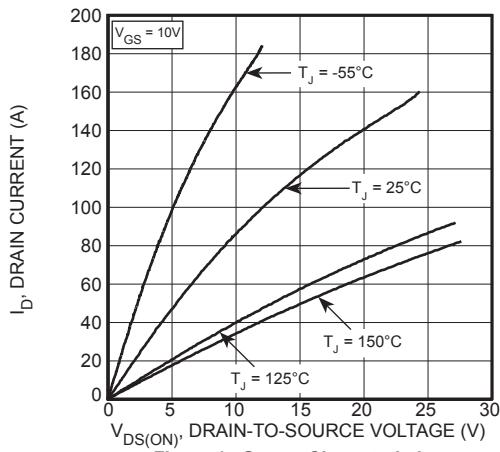


Figure 1, Output Characteristics

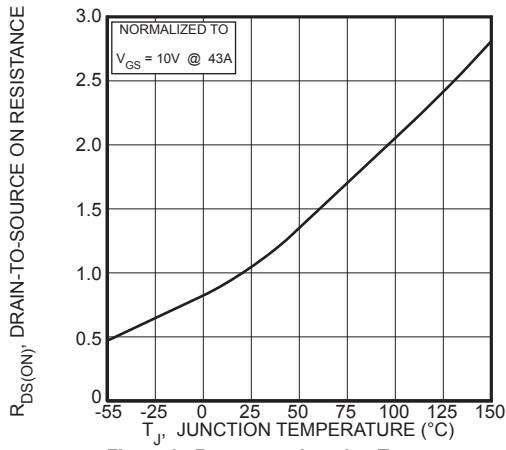
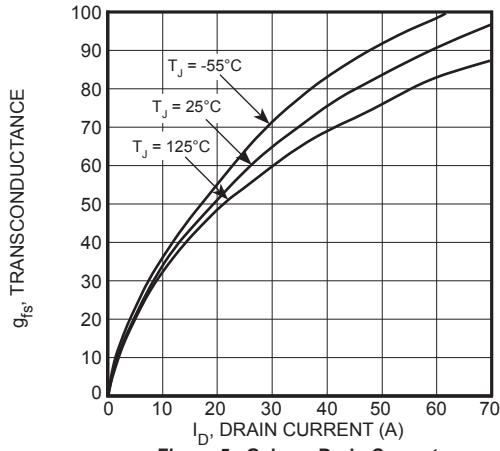
Figure 3, $R_{DS(ON)}$ vs Junction Temperature

Figure 5, Gain vs Drain Current

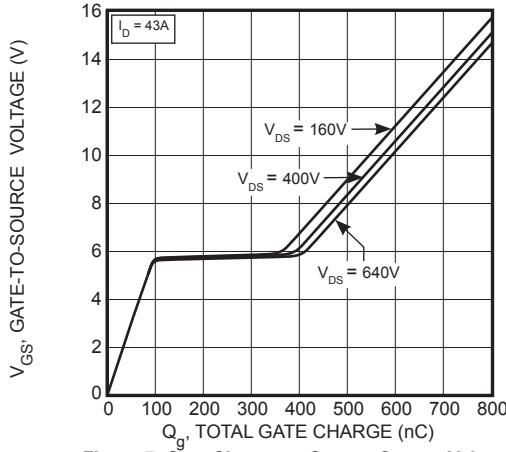


Figure 7, Gate Charge vs Gate-to-Source Voltage

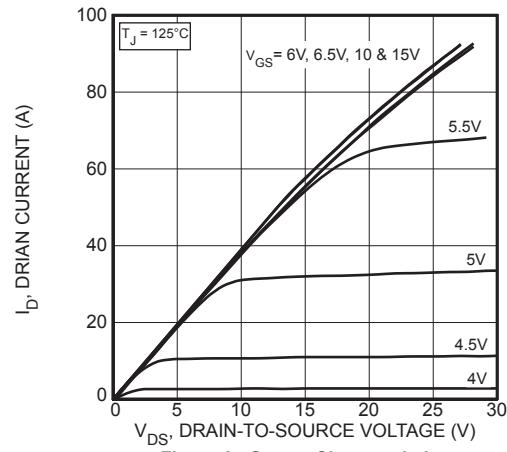


Figure 2, Output Characteristics

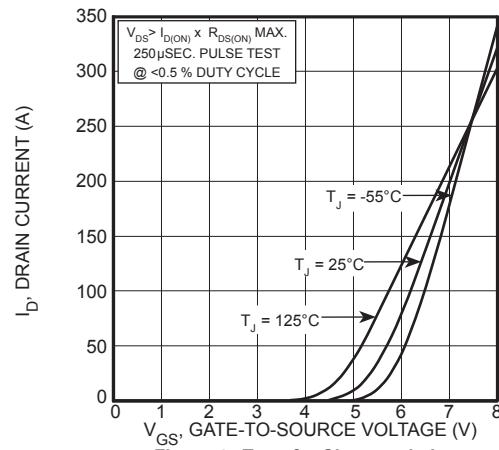


Figure 4, Transfer Characteristics

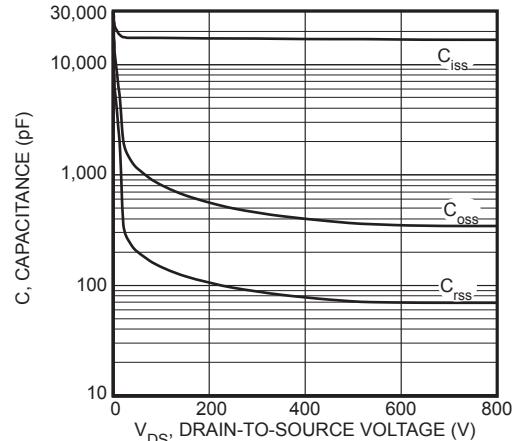


Figure 6, Capacitance vs Drain-to-Source Voltage

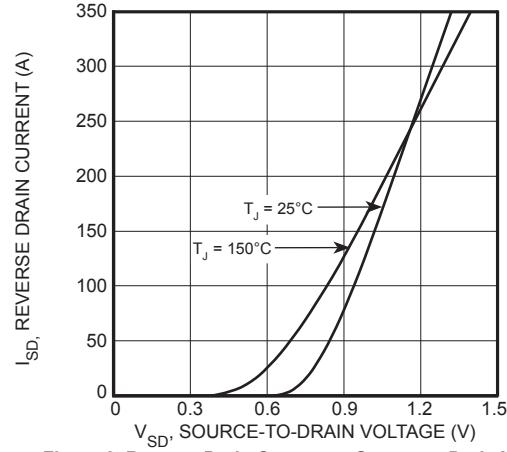


Figure 8, Reverse Drain Current vs Source-to-Drain Voltage

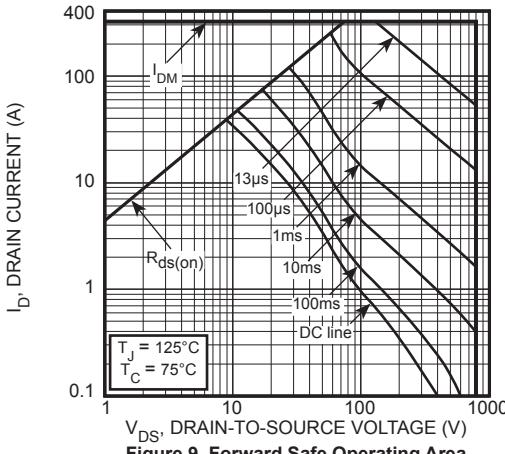


Figure 9, Forward Safe Operating Area

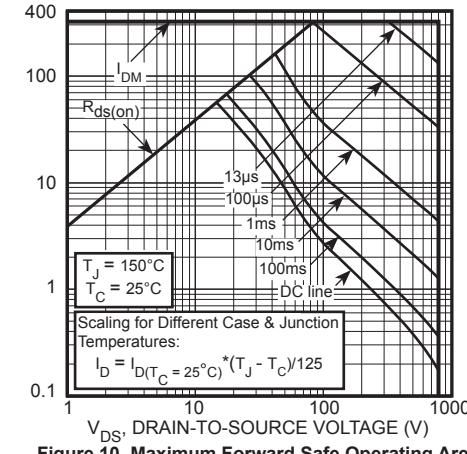


Figure 10, Maximum Forward Safe Operating Area

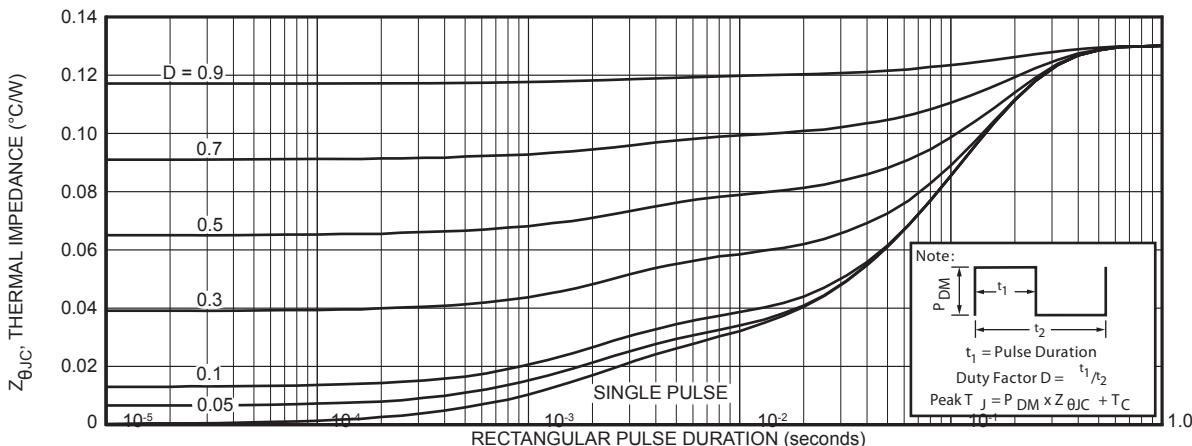
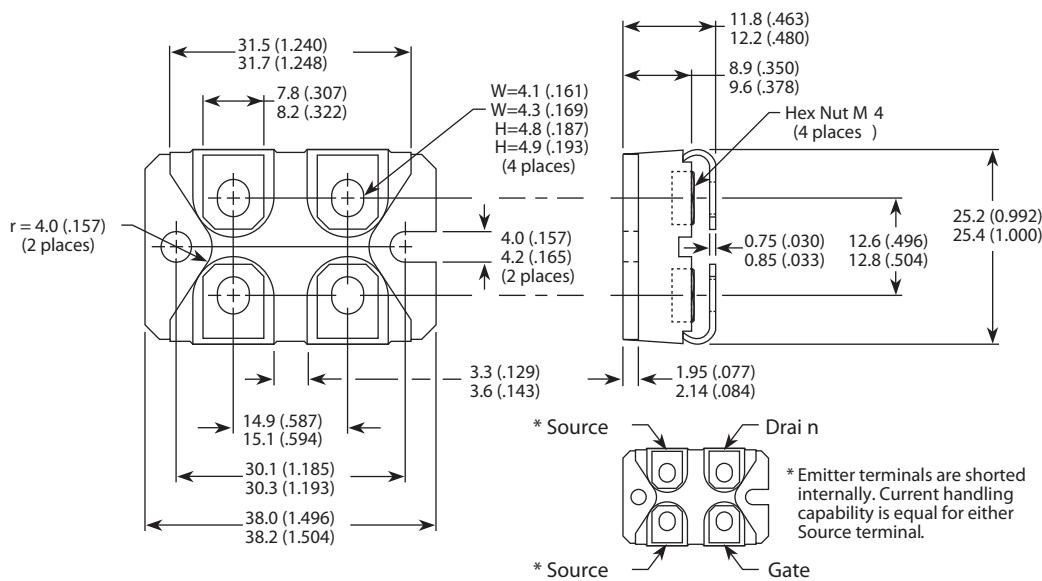


Figure 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case vs Pulse Duration

SOT-227 (ISOTOP®) Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)