

Silicon Controlled Rectifier Reverse Blocking Triode Thyristor

... designed for industrial and consumer applications such as power supplies, battery chargers, temperature, motor, light and welder controls.

- Economical for a Wide Range of Uses
- High Surge Current — $I_{TSM} = 300$ Amps
- Low Forward "On" Voltage — 1.2 V (Typ) @ $I_{TM} = 25$ Amps
- Practical Level Triggering and Holding Characteristics — 10 mA (Typ) @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- Rugged Construction in Either Pressfit, Stud, or Isolated Stud
- Glass Passivated Junctions for Maximum Reliability

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Suffix	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Repetitive Off-State Voltage, Note 1 ($T_C = -40$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$) All Types	F	V_{DRM}	50	Volts
	A	and	100	
	B	V_{RRM}	200	
	D		400	
	M		600	
Non-Repetitive Reverse Voltage ($T_C = -40$ to 100°C) All Types	F	V_{RSM}	75	Volts
	A		150	
	B		300	
	D		500	
	M		720	
Forward Current RMS		$I_T(\text{RMS})$	25	Amps
Peak Surge Current (One Cycle, 60 Hz, $T_C = -40$ to 100°C)		I_{TSM}	250	Amps
Circuit Fusing ($T_C = -40$ to 100°C , $t = 1$ to 8.3 ms)		I^2t	260	A^2s
Peak Gate Power		P_{GM}	5	Watts
Average Gate Power		$P_{G(AV)}$	0.5	Watt
Peak Forward Gate Current		I_{GM}	2	Amps
Operating Junction Temperature Range		T_J	-40 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		T_{stg}	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Stud Torque		—	30	in. lb.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Pressfit and Stud Isolated Stud	$R_{\theta JC}$	1 1.15	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Note 1. V_{DRM} and V_{RRM} for all types can be applied on a continuous dc basis without incurring damage. Ratings apply for zero or negative gate voltage. Devices shall not have a positive bias applied to the gate concurrently with a negative potential on the anode.

**C230, 231
C230()3,
231()3
C232, 233
Series**

**SCRs
25 AMPERES RMS
50 thru 600 VOLTS**



(TO-203)
STYLE 1
C232 and C233 Series

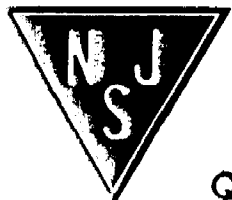


STYLE 1
C230 and 231 Series



STYLE 1
C230()3 and C231()3 Series

NJ Semi-Conductors reserves the right to change test conditions, parameter limits and package dimensions without notice. Information furnished by NJ Semi-Conductors is believed to be both accurate and reliable at the time of going to press. However, NJ Semi-Conductors assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions discovered in its use. NJ Semi-Conductors encourages customers to verify that datasheets are current before placing orders.

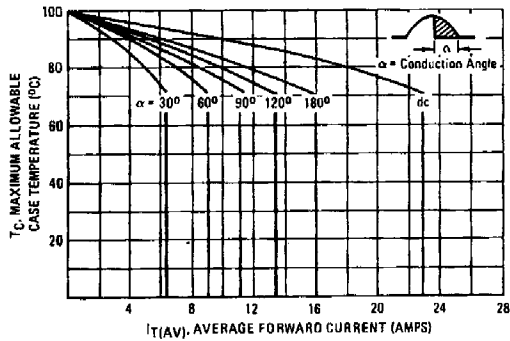


C230, 231 • C230()3, 231()3 • C232, 233 Series

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Peak Forward or Reverse Blocking Current (Rated V_{DRM} or V_{RRM} , gate open) $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_{DRM}, I_{RRM}	—	—	10 1	μA mA
Forward "On" Voltage ($I_{TM} = 100\text{ A Peak, Pulse Width} \leq 1\text{ ms, Duty Cycle} \leq 2\%$)	V_{TM}	—	—	1.9	Volts
Gate Trigger Current, C230, C230()3, C232 series ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc, } R_L = 120\text{ Ohms}$) ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc, } R_L = 60\text{ Ohms}$) $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$	I_{GT}	—	—	25 40	mA
Gate Trigger Current, C231, C231()3, C233 (Continuous dc) ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc, } R_L = 120\text{ Ohms}$) ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc, } R_L = 60\text{ Ohms}$) $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$	I_{GT}	—	—	9 20	mA
Gate Trigger Voltage (Continuous dc) ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc, } R_L = 120\text{ Ohms}$) ($V_D = 12\text{ Vdc, } R_L = 60\text{ Ohms}$) $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$ ($V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}, R_L = 1000\text{ Ohms}$) $T_C = +100^\circ\text{C}$	V_{GT}	— — 0.2	— — —	1.5 2 —	Volts
Holding Current ($V_D = 24\text{ V, gate open, } I_T = 0.6\text{ A}$) $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$	I_H	—	—	50 100	mA
Turn-On Time ($t_d + t_r$) ($I_{TM} = 25\text{ Adc, } I_{GT} = 40\text{ mAdc, } V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}$)	t_{gt}	—	1	—	μs
Turn-Off Time ($I_{TM} = 10\text{ A, } I_R = 10\text{ A, Pulse Width} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{s,}$ $dv/dt = 20\text{ V}/\mu\text{s, } V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}$) $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	t_q	—	25 35	—	μs
Forward Voltage Application Rate ($V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}$) $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	dv/dt	—	100	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

FIGURE 1 – CURRENT DERATING FOR PRESSFIT AND NON-ISOLATED STUD



NOTE: Derating is for Pressfit and Stud Devices. Isolated stud devices must be derated an additional 15%. For example, the max T_C @ 16 A (180° conduction angle) is 70°C, a derating of 30°C. Isolated stud devices must be derated 34.5°C; therefore, the maximum T_C is 85.5°C.

FIGURE 2 – ON-STATE POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS ON-STATE CURRENT

