



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AOD1R4A70/AOI1R4A70**

**700V,  $\alpha$ MOS™ N-Channel Power Transistor**

### General Description

- Proprietary  $\alpha$ MOS5™ technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Optimized switching parameters for better EMI performance
- Enhanced body diode for robustness and fast reverse recovery

### Product Summary

$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	800V
$I_{DM}$	15A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	< 1.4Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	8nC
$E_{oss} @ 400V$	1μJ

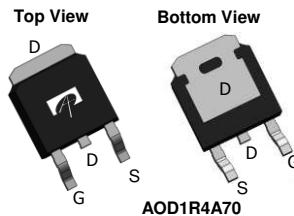
### Applications

- Flyback for SMPS
- Charger, Adapter, lighting

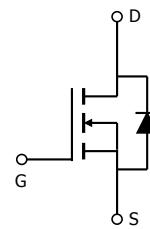
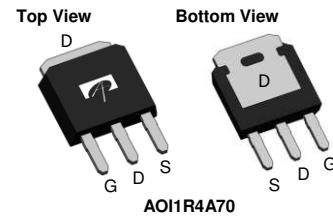
100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



TO252



TO-251A



### Orderable Part Number

Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOD1R4A70	TO252	Tape & Reel	2500
AOI1R4A70	TO251A	Tube	3500

### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	700	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Gate-Source Voltage (dynamic) AC( f>1Hz)	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>C</sup> $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	3.8	A
Continuous Drain Current <sup>C</sup> $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	2.4	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	15	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup> $L=1\text{mH}$	$I_{AR}$	1.1	A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	0.6	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>H</sup>	$E_{AS}$	2.7	mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100	V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt		20	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup> $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	48	W
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup> Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.4	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	45	55	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta CS}$	-	0.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2	2.6	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	700	-	-	V
		$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	800	-	
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-	0.59	-	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=700\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=560\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	10	
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	2.9	3.5	4.1	V
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=1\text{A}$	-	1.16	1.4	$\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=10\text{V}, I_D=1\text{A}$	-	1.8	-	S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-	0.8	1.2	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current		-	-	3.8	A
$I_{\text{SM}}$	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current <sup>c</sup>		-	-	15	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	354	-	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance		-	12	-	pF
$C_{\text{o(er)}}$	Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>H</sup>	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0 \text{ to } 480\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	11.2	-	pF
$C_{\text{o(tr)}}$	Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>I</sup>		-	46.9	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	1.3	-	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$	-	7.3	-	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=480\text{V}, I_D=1.9\text{A}$	-	8	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge		-	2	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge		-	2	-	nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}, I_D=1.9\text{A}, R_G=5\Omega$	-	15	-	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time		-	7.5	-	ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime		-	32	-	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time		-	13.5	-	ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=1.9\text{A}, di/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}$	-	176	-	ns
$I_{\text{rm}}$	Peak Reverse Recovery Current		-	11	-	A
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge		-	1.4	-	$\mu\text{C}$

A. The value of  $R_{\text{IJA}}$  is measured with the device in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

B. The power dissipation  $P_0$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\text{IJA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\text{JJC}}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ .

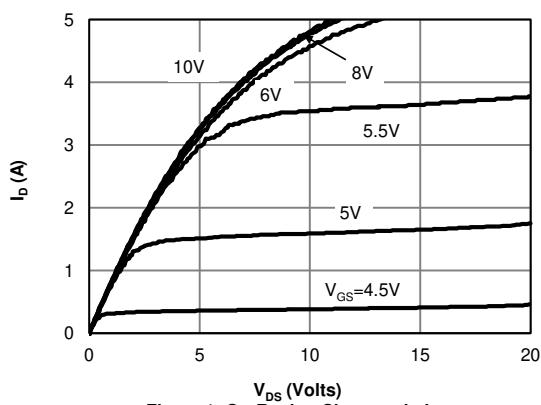
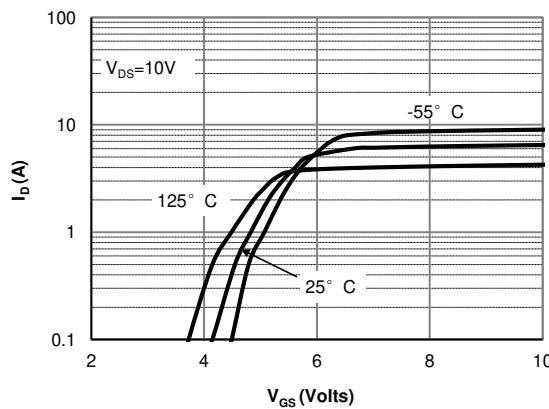
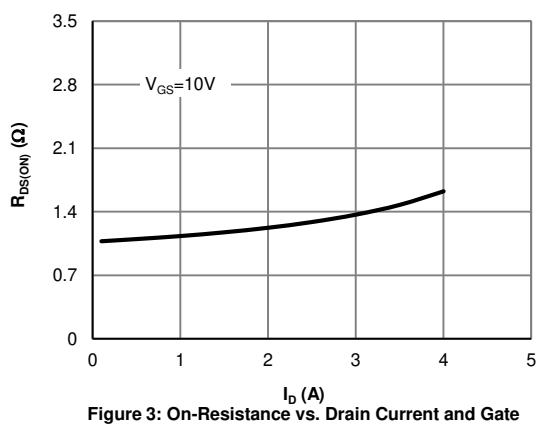
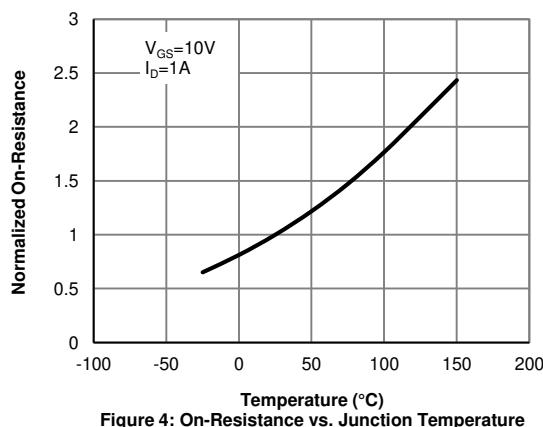
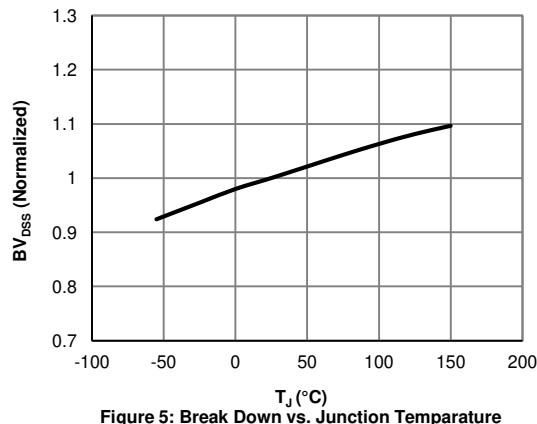
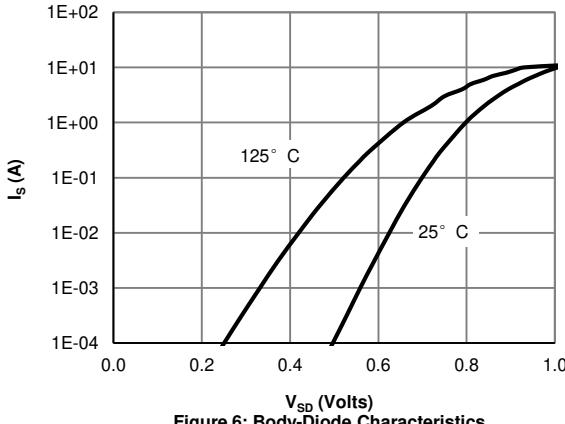
G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $TA=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

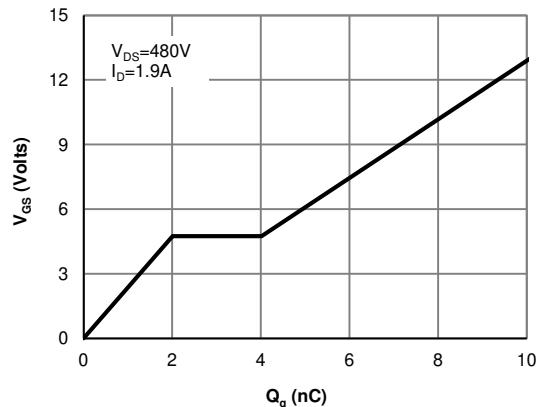
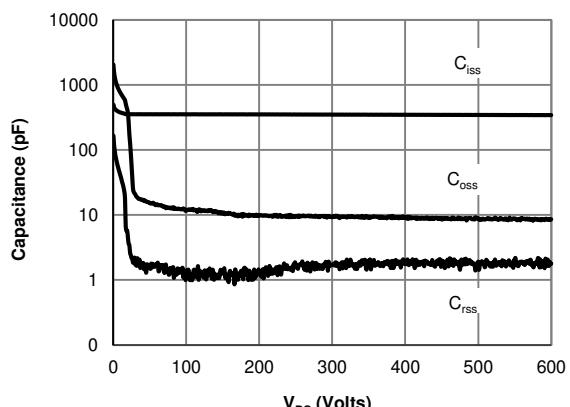
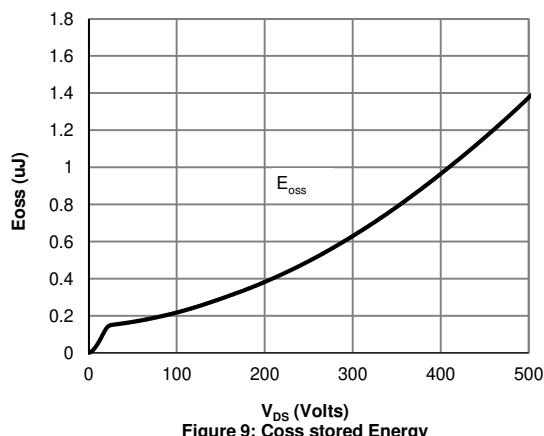
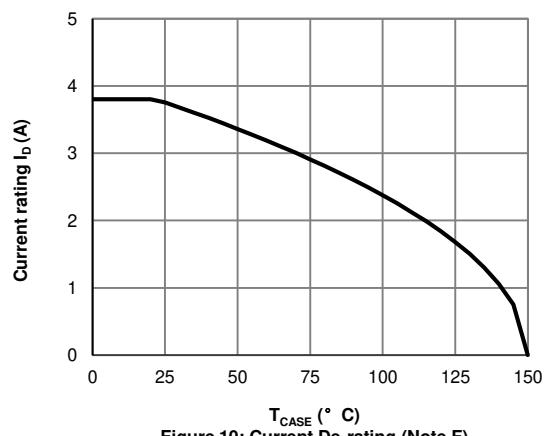
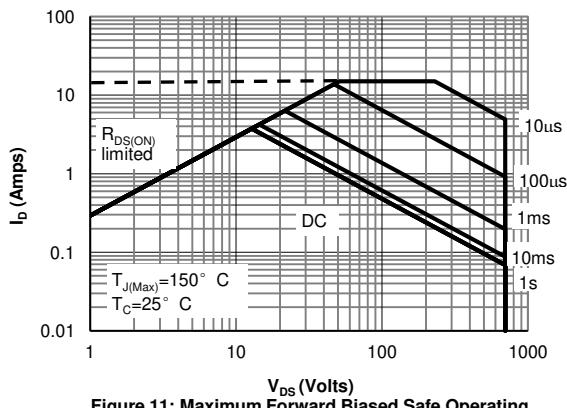
H.  $L=60\text{mH}, I_{AS}=0.3\text{ A}, R_G=25\Omega$ , Starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

I.  $C_{\text{o(er)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{\text{oss}}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ .

J.  $C_{\text{o(tr)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{\text{oss}}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ .

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Coss stored Energy**

**Figure 10: Current De-rating (Note F)**

**Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOD1R4A70 (Note F)**

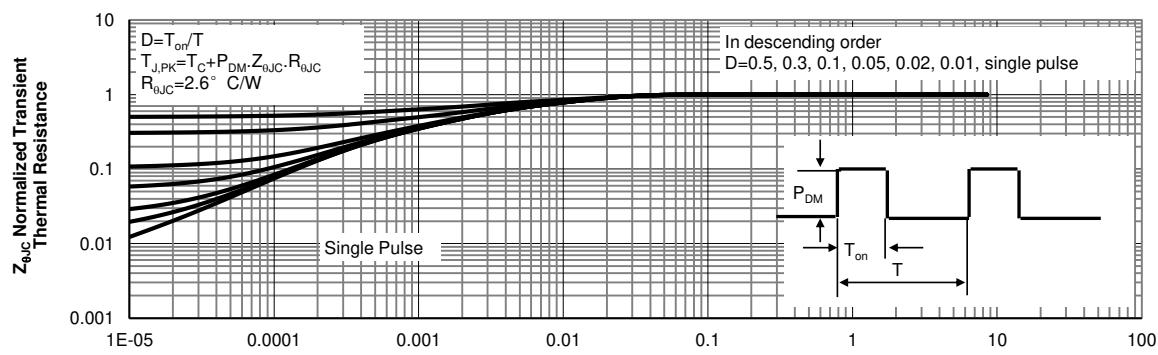
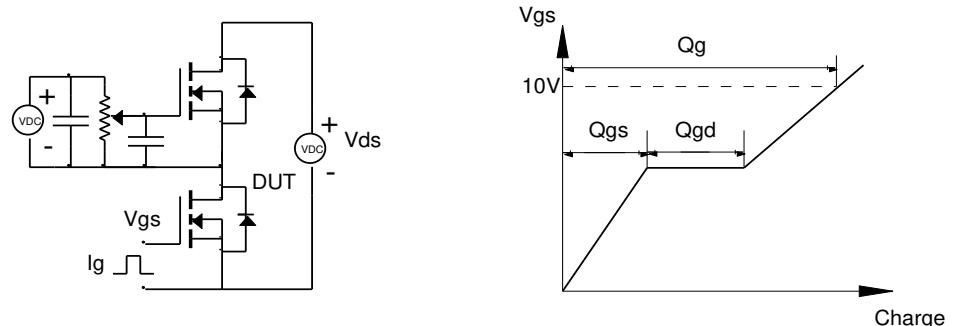
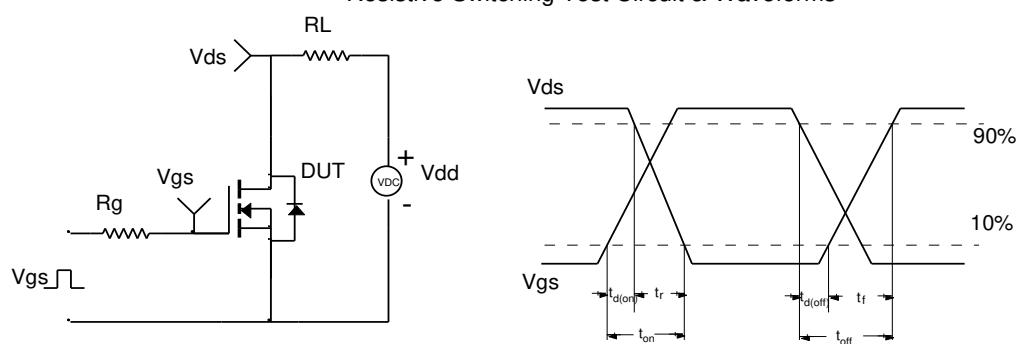
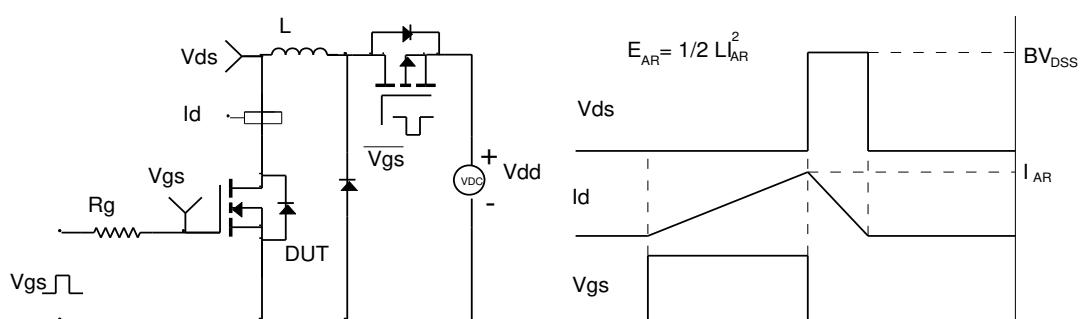
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**


Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOD(1)R4A70 (Note F)

**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**
